The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY MARCH 28, 1907. NO. 12.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS
AT THE
Farmers National Bank.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $150,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C. M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

EASTER

In M. E. Church Sunday Morning at 10:30 O'clock.

PROGRAM.

Selection.....Orchestra
Song, "Merrily Cheerily"..School
Prayer.....Dr. M. L. Ganoe
Solo.....Chas. O. Skeer
Reading, "Christ is Risen"
.....Helen Hess
Anthem, "The Resurrection" Choir
Reading, "The Glad New Day"
.....Lillian Raber
Solo, "Resurrection Morn"
.....Martha Creasy
Solo and Chorus, "Beautiful Lilies"
.....O. H. Yetter
Song, "Wake, Boys and Girls"
.....Primary School
Graduating Exercises and Presentation of Bibles and Diplomas.
Offering and Short Address
.....Dr. M. L. Ganoe
Song, "Lift Up Your Voices"
.....School
Benediction.
Selection.....Orchestra

There is plenty of room and the public is cordially invited to come and enjoy this beautiful program.

Eighty-One Years Old.

Mrs. Fannie Heddens of Washingtonville was eighty-one years old on the 16th of March, and it was duly celebrated by her children and other relatives. The *Montour American* of Danville says:

"Mrs. Heddens' 80th birthday was celebrated in this city last spring, a fine dinner on the occasion being tendered by Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Heddens of the Heddens house. Mrs. Heddens' activity and general good health along with the fact that she was still in charge of her hotel, was remarked upon at the time. One year later still finds her actively in charge of her business, as capable and keen in all her faculties as ever. There are few persons, indeed who bear up so well under the burden of four score years and one.

Mrs. Heddens is a native of Washingtonville. She spent her long life in that place. She is the mother of nine children, all of whom survive and are located within a radius of a few miles of the place of their birth.

Mrs. Heddens was born March 16, 1826, at the hotel in Washingtonville, now owned by her son, A. L. Heddens. From the day of her birth practically she has been associated with hotel life. Her father was James Cummings who was a major in the war of 1812. Her mother before marriage was Fannie Billmeyer, daughter of Martha Billmeyer.

Mrs. Heddens is the widow of James T. Heddens, who departed this life November 6, 1888. Along with Mrs. Heddens the following children survive: William M. Heddens, James Clarence Heddens, Daniel B. Heddens of Danville; J. Cummings Heddens of Mount Carmel; Phineas B. Heddens and Mrs. M. B. Masten of Bloomsburg; Mrs. J. F. Wilson of Milton; Amandus L. Heddens and George Heddens of Washingtonville.

THE LIBRARY.

A rumor has been circulating about town that a gentleman, name not given, has said that in the near future he would do something worth while for the Public Library.

In connection therewith, Col. Freeze has allowed it to be understood that he will sell, on reasonable terms, eighty feet or so, of the upper end of his lot, for a Library building. Here is an opportunity that ought not to be lost.

CONEERENCE ENDS.

Appointments for the Danville District.

The conference of the M. E. Church for Central Pennsylvania closed on Tuesday. The following appointments were made for this district:

Presiding Elder, Richard H. Gilbert.
Anthracite Mission—Rev. Z. J. Luzecky.
Ashland—Chas. C. Pardo.
Beach Haven—Alexander Scott.
Beaver Meadows—Harry W. Newman.
Benton—Wm. H. Benford.
Berwick—Rev. O. G. Heck.
Berwick Calvary—B. A Salter.
Bloomingdale—S. Hibbish.
Bloomsburg—M. L. Ganoe.
Buckhorn—Alfred Ludwig.
Catawissa—Wm. R. Ticken.
Centralia—Isaac Cadman.
Conyngham—F. H. Brunstetter.
Danville, St. Paul's—Milton Foster.
Danville, Trinity—L. G. Adams.
Elysburg—T. F. Faus.
Espy and Lime Ridge—C. H. Campbell.
Excelsior—James Doherty.
Freeland—J. C. Young.
Gordon—Jacob P. Benford.
Harveyville—Philip Thomas, supply.
Hazleton, St. Paul's—A. S. Fasick.
Jamison City—D. D. Dunville.
Jeansville—Geo. W. Faus
Jeddo—J. W. Shearer.
Lewisburg—John R. VanPelt.
Laurelton—To be supplied.
Lewisburg—John R. Vaughn.
Mifflinburg—John A. Mattern.
Mifflinville—J. W. Worley.
Millville and Jerseytown—Wm. H. Hartman.
Milton—George Leiby.
Montandon—Henry F. Ash.
Mt. Carmel—George Stevens.
Nescopeck—John Horning.
Northumberland—Frank W. Leiby.
Orangeville—Henry F. Cares.
Park Palace and Delano—George A. Duvall.
Riverside—John C. Grimes.
Roaring Creek—E. M. Chilcote.
Rohrsburg—John R. Shaffer, supply.
Shamokin, First—Geo. W. Hoke
Shamokin, Second—John R. Brewenman.
Shickshinny—Wm. Brill.
Snydertown—Wilson A. Caron.
Sunbury—William Brill.
Sunbury—Catawissa avenue, J. F. A. Buck.
Town Hill—J. Warren Rose.
Wapwallopen—Henry Moyer, supply.
Waller—Oliver S. Weistner, supply.
Washingtonville—Milton L. Hess.
Weatherly—Frank T. Bell.
White Haven—George M. Remley.
Wilburton—Harry E. Ceon.
John C. Bickle, Supt. Wyoming Mission.
Joseph Clemens, Chaplain U. S. Army, member Nescopeck Quarterly Conference.
Pierre N. Fredin, Missionary in Wyoming.
Supernumeraries—Lewis A. Dyer, Charles M. Barnitz, Wm. W Rothrock.
Superannuates—John W. Leckie, Samuel P. Boone, Wm. S. Hamlin, W. R. Whitney, T. H. Tubbs, P. F. Eyer, George V. Savidge, John C. Wilhelm, Emory T. Swartz, John W. Buckley, John Vrooman.

HIDLAY GETS LICENSE.

The court on Tuesday granted a license to W. F. Stohner, and ordered that the same be transferred to Bruce Hidlay. In a lengthy opinion the court tells why it did it.

COMPTROLLER'S CALL.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bloomsburg National Bank

At the Close of Business January 26th, 1907.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Investments	$535,223.28	Capital Stock,	$100,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	8,000.00	Surplus and Profits	41,761.12
Cash and Reserve	78,564.26	Circulation	100,000.00
		Bank Deposits	11,799.17
		Individual Deposits	368,227.25
	$621,787.54		$621,787.54

WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier. A. Z. SCHOCH, President.

CEMETERIES—BURIALS.

Increase in population forces upon citizens and persons having charge of cemeteries and of other places provided for the burial of the dead, the making of new arrangements, and very frequently the regulations which must be made cause unpleasantness between the lot owners and the companies. It should be remembered however, that cemetery companies are not corporations for profit; but the primary object is to save sorrowing friends and relatives the trouble of the details of burial and the anxiety that everything may be done decently and in order, and that the highly wrought feelings of the survivors may be soothed by the quiet and orderly conduct and management of the cemetery employees.

Thus it becomes necessary that rules and regulations which time and experience have adopted shall be observed and enforced. That everything should be done that can be, to aid and accommodate the friends in these last sad hours, is the duty and satisfaction of managers and their servants. But you sometimes find amongst the mourners persons with no sense of the fitness of things, nor of the proprieties of place or occasion.

It should be an unbending rule of all cemeteries in the growing towns not to admit to the cemeteries any carriages of attendant friends not being relatives of the deceased person. Relatives are entitled to see and know of the proper interment of their loved departed. And yet in many places and with great propriety, a gentleman friend of the family is deputed to attend and take note that everything is done in that due and solemn order which is fitting to the occasion.

Thus, also, at many funerals carriages and friends are sent, but go no farther than the cemetery gates, continuing directly past them and home, while the gates are shut after the carriages with the immediate family are admitted; of which the friends should give the gate keeper notice.

The regulation also has its great uses in wet and cold and other disagreeable weather; in the case of delicate people and aged ones who cannot well endure the strain of long funeral orations and religious services, which are of very questionable propriety at the grave.

The subject is being considered in many quarters, in which the health and comfort of the living have a place as well as due respect to the dead.

ROSEMONT.

The way to keep children in school is to make the school the most valuable place to them. The school must be made attractive. We must change front and recognize that the schoolroom is made for the child and not for the teacher. At present only the appurtenances of the teacher are placed in it, and whatever may be done for the children is done only because the teacher's interest can best be served by such. The schoolroom must be made for children, declares *Arena*. As the business room is made attractive and fixed up for customers, and whatever is done only because thereby the best interests of customers can be cared for, so in the schoolroom the interests of the children must be consulted and those things done for children which make the schoolroom next to the home, the most attractive place.

G. Edward Elwell Jr. returned from Trinity College, Hartford, yesterday, and will be at home until April 8th.

Deeds Recorded.

The following deeds have recently been entered of record by Recorder of Deeds Frank W. Miller:

Isaac Levan and wife to Samuel D. Levan for two tracts of land in Locust township, containing 5 and 12 acres respectively; consideration $1600.

Albert Rupert and wife to William Ney for lot of ground in Beaver township, consideration $60.

Samuel Trump to Thomas C. Trump for lot of ground in the town of Bloomsburg, consideration nominal.

Dennis Rowan to Mary Padden for one half of lot of ground situate in Conyngham township, consideration nominal.

Dennis Rowan to James Rowan for one half of lot of ground in Conyngham township, consideration nominal.

American Car and Foundry Co. to James F. Weiss for house and lot of ground in West Berwick, consideration $1400.

James F. Weiss and wife to Andreas Femming for lot No. 741 in borough of West Berwick, consideration $2000.

Berwick Savings and Trust Company to C. A. Fenstermacher for lot No. 6 in Owen's addition to borough of Berwick, consideration $1500.

C. A. Fenstermacher and wife to Robert J. Force for lot No. 6 in Owen's addition to borough of Berwick, consideration $1800.

United States Lumber and Supply Co. to Rufus H. Yost for lot No 65 in J. D. Thompson's addition in Briar Creek township, consideration $1400.

A. Z. Schoch to Thomas A. Richart for lot of ground situate in Town of Bloomsburg, consideration $350.

Samuel Trump, Sr., to Samuel H. Trump for lot of ground in Town of Bloomsburg, consideration nominal.

Clark M. Christian to Dennison Brink for Livery Stable property in Town of Bloomsburg, consideration $725.

Dennison Brink to Sabina Brink for Livery Stable property in Town of Bloomsburg, consideration $725.

Della Brink Bidleman et al to Charles W. Brink for lot of ground in Town of Bloomsburg, consideration $3000.

Benjamin Lore to E. C. Stackhouse for 41 acres and 21 perches of land in Pine township, consideration $600.

Daniel Stuckie and wife to Daniel Pealer for 3 acres and 123 perches of land in Fishingcreek township consideration $112.22.

George Pealer to Hiram Pealer, adm. of Daniel Pealer, deceased, for 45 acres of land in Fishingcreek township, consideration $945.

Abijah Hess, adm. of Mary Lewis, to C. H. Karns for 45 acres of land in Fishingcreek township.

William E. Lewis et al to C. H. Karns for 45 acres of land in Fishingcreek township, consideration $2400.

B. F. Battin and Wesley Morris, executors of Elijah Lemons to W. P. Robbins for land in Greenwood township, consideration $2500.

Catharine Shultz to D. C. Bogart for 6 acres and 120 perches of land in Pine township, consideration $475.

Lillian H. White, executrix of I. D. White, deceased, to John M. Robbins for lot of ground on East Third street in the Town of Bloomsburg, consideration $150.

Millville Cemetery Co. to Ellis Eves for lot of ground in said cemetery, consideration $20.00.

Miss Edna Wilson of Philadelphia is visiting her relatives here.

THE Chiming Bells of Easter Sunday will proclaim the end of Lent and the inauguration of Easter, that joyous Feast of song.

Every Man and Boy has a special desire to be well dressed at Easter time, and will brighten up his wardrobe with a new Suit, Top Coat, Hat, as well as with some of the smaller essentials in Toggery.

We're Ready to Serve You!

We've handsome new Suits all blooming with Easter freshness.

The Sack, The Cutaway, The Prince Albert, beautiful fabrics, correctly cut, perfectly Tailored.

$10, $12, $15 to $30.

Choice Top Coats and Medium Length Spring Overcoats, silk lined, silk faced, elegant Garments

$8, $10, $12 to $25.

To complete and trim up your Easter Outfit, we've all the Spring blocks in Hats, Choice Neckwear, Gloves and exclusive ideas in Haberdashery.

You'll be proud of yourself on Easter Sunday, if we dress you.

3 FOR 1
Trading Stamps---Friday and Saturday.

BEN GIDDING
Clothier, Hatter and Haberdasher.

Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg.

—o—

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

HAVE YOU SEEN
OUR NEW FURNITURE?

Our assortment of Furniture is so wide that we can hardly fail to please any taste, and we can please many tastes not otherwise pleased because of the dependable quality of our goods. The surest way to verify our assertion is to come to the store in person.

Drop Side Steel Couches

Complete with mattress and pillows, best steel frame and springs—Complete $8.00 and $8.75.

RUGS! RUGS!

We are showing an unusual line of Rugs. It does not need special experience to appreciate the values. We'd like to have you see them. You will not be satisfied until you have one of the Rugs in your home.

PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

THE LEADER STORE CO., LTD
4TH AND MARKET STREETS.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CANAL TO BE A SUCCESS

Congressional Party Went to Panama Doubting Return Optimistic.

RIGHT MEN AT HEAD

Remarkable Progress Already Made is an Earnest Completion of the Gigantic Task—Visitors Praise the Organization of Every Department of Work on the Isthmus.

Washington, D. C., March 26.—The atmosphere in Washington during the last few days of the late session of Congress touching the Panama Canal was decidedly pessimistic. Attention had been called to the fact that about $130,000,000 had already been expended or authorized on the project, and it was admitted that nothing more could be asserted than a fair beginning had been made. This was not a very encouraging situation when it was recalled that the original estimate of the total cost of the canal was $145,000,000.

Surprise Awaiting Them.

"Leaving such an atmosphere on March 6, forty-five members of Congress, representing twenty-seven States, stepped from the steamship Panama six days later onto the great new dock at Colon, and found themselves at once in a totally different atmosphere. They had more than half feared they would be met by haggard, disappointed, discouraged men, working despondently under killing conditions upon a project which they felt was foredoomed to fail.

Agreeably Disappointed.

"No one will pretend that we "learned it all;" that there may not have been faults of administration, defects in plans, errors and injustices which wholly escaped our notice. But there were some things we could not help seeing, and that we could not possibly be mistaken about. We could not help seeing that the quarters provided for the working force were ample in size and ideal in construction. We could not help noting the absence of foul smells, the presence of clean water, the unmistakable evidence on every hand of irreproachable sanitary conditions. We could not help believing men when they told us that in six months, a year, two years on the Isthmus, they had not been ill a day. We could not help seeing steadily streams of dirt trains coming up out of the cuts, and it could hardly have been by a conspiracy to deceive that the locomotive engine drivers who handle those trains came to us to complain about being overworked. We could not help hearing the rat-tat-tat of compressed air drills and the frequent boom of dynamite blasts. We could not help seeing the scores of steam shovels that are at work, fifty-three in Culebra alone.

"And from all the things that we saw and heard and could not be mistaken about, we were driven to the conclusion that the situation was very much better than one had expected to find it. The Canal Zone is a much pleasanter place to live, climatically, than we had anticipated. There was a cool breeze blowing all the time we were there, night and day, and covers were necessary every night, even in rooms not directly exposed to a draught. The workingmen's quarters were prettier and more comfortable looking than we had expected to find them. The various camps were cleaner than we had believed could be possible. Greater headway has been made in the real work of excavation, and more work is being done day by day than we had realized. And, most significant perhaps of all, there was a feeling of contentment on the part of the men who are doing the work, a sentiment of confidence in the outcome of the gigantic enterprise and a pride in being connected with it that we were totally unprepared to find. To be agreeably disappointed in so many important particulars, is not that warrant enough for at least a reasonable degree of optimism?

Canal Will Be Built.

"The Panama Canal will be built. Not that anybody ever really believed it would not be built. That the United States of America, having once set its hand to an impossible task, should turn back, leaving it uncompleted is unconceivable. But they probably are those who have honestly doubted whether the canal could be built within any reasonable limit of time and cost. I believe I am warranted in saying there are at least forty-five members of Congress who will not be of that number henceforth."—Representative Chas. F. Scott, of Kansas, in the New York Herald.

Prison for Grain Merchant.

Chicago, Ill., March 27.—George S. McReynolds, formerly a pominent member of the Chicago Board of Trade, was to-day sentenced to an indeterminate term in the penitentiary on the charge of removing from his elevators grain on which warehouse receipts had previously been issued. The sentence may run anywhere from one to ten years.

$145 for Print of Washington.

London, March 27.—At Sotheby's a print of George Washington, from the original picture in Philadelphia, was sold at autlon for $145.

NEGRO CASHIER MURDERED.

President and Vice President of Bank Arrested for the Crime.

New Orleans, March 26.—Edward Howell, a negro, cashier of the People's Bank of Hattiesburg, Miss., was assassinated last Tuesday, being shot to death just as he was entering his home at Yellow Pine, a suburb of the town. Joseph Pettus and Joseph Williams, both negroes, and president and vice-president of the bank, were arrested for complicity in the assassination. Howell, who was 35 years of age, had risen from a laborer in a turpentine camp and had become one of the wealthiest negroes in Mississippi. He was greatly esteemed, especially by the whites, giving much time to keeping the negroes in obedience to the law.

Mme. Emma Eames.

The noted Prima Donna, who is suing her husband Julian Story, the well-known artist, for divorce, naming in her allegations several society women of Philadelphia.

HANGED HER DAUGHTER.

Akron Woman Then Tried to Commit Suicide.

Akron, Ohio, March 28.—In the absence of other members of her family, Mrs. James R. Hemphill strangled her daughter, Helen, aged 9 years, by hanging her. She then secreted the body in a box.

When Mr. Hemphill returned from work he found the house locked, and after getting inside he found Mrs. Hemphill in the act of hanging herself to a bedpost. After he cut her down she declared that she had sent the little girl to heaven, where she thought she also ought to go. The woman had shown no signs of insanity previously. She has been a prominent church worker.

INDIAN NURSE ON TRIAL.

Counsel Say She Was Insane When She Poisoned Her Little Charge.

Carmel, N. Y., March 27.—The trial of Jennie Burch, the young Indian nurse, who is charged with the murder of Willian Winship, the child she was employed to care for, was opened here before Supreme Court Justice Mills. It is alleged that the girl administered poison to the child in a peach and then tried to kill herself. The girl's mother and several other relatives were in court to-day.

Counsel for the girl said they would prove that she was insane.

Funeral Service By 'Phone.

Auburn, Me., March 27.—It being impossible for a minister to visit their home because of diphtheria there, Mr. and Mrs. Pliny W. Sturtevant, of Auburn, had funeral services held over the telephone.

Warren, their two-year-old son, died Saturday of diphtheria. A little girl was taken ill of the same disease, preventing fumigation of the house and the removal of the quarantine.

A. J. Marsh, pastor of the Court Street Free Baptists Church, officiated by telephone at this novel funeral.

The prayer and consoling remarks of the minister could be heard plainly by the heartbroken parents, and did much to comfort them.

Bombs Used in School Revolt.

St. Petersburg, March 27.—The High School of Sciences, on Vasili Island, was the scene of several bomb explosions which, fortunately, brought no serious casualties. The explosions were caused by members of the senior and junior classes, whom the faculty were about to expel bodily for offenses against discipline. Several cupboards containing apparatus for chemical research were blown to splinters and the instruments hurled out over the heads of the class.

Prairie Fire Sweeps Texas.

San Antonio, Texas, Mar. 26.—Prairie fires have swept over millions of acres of land in the western and southwestern counties of Texas. In the Pecos country there has been a fire spreading over the lands for more than a week.

It is believed to have been generally extinguished by recent rains, and the cattlemen are of the opinion that new grass will be valuable before any bad effect comes from the burning.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

Senator Foraker opened the war over the next Republican Presidential nomination in Ohio by proposing a primary election in that State to decide on the candidacy of himself and Secretary Taft.

Assemblyman Wainwright's bill providing for an investigation into National affairs was killed by the Senate Finance Committee at Albany.

Hahnemann Hospital physicians in Philadelphia used skin grafting in the hope of saving a woman 106 years old, badly injured by burns.

Senator Whyte, of Maryland, was openly embraced by a woman client acquitted of murder charge.

Morgan J. O'Brien, Peter B. Olney and Dr. Leopold Putzel were appointed a commission in lunacy to pass on the mental condition of Harry K. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White.

James Bryce was the guest at a reception given by the New York Chamber of Commerce.

Students of Princeton presented a loving cup to Grover Cleveland to mark his seventieth birthday.

The new conservative national party of Cuba, declared itself for an American protectorate and notified the American Governor of the party's formation.

Should Harry K. Thaw be declared insane, it was pointed out that the hardest blow possible would fall on Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, his wife, whose marriage to him might be annulled.

Plans were said to be perfected for the appointment of a Western interstate traffic commissioner to solve the present problem in the railroad situation.

William H. Imes, of Chicago, had his leg broken in a wrestling match with his daughter, a college athlete and basketball player.

Another clash developed among the lawyers defending Harry K. Thaw over the filling of affidavits tending to prove the present sanity of the slayer of Stanford White.

Major Louis L. Seaman said England was waging a campaign here against the Belgian administration in the Congo preparatory to seizing the country herself.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Saad el Dowleh, Persian Minister of Foreign Affairs, has resumed attendance in the Assembly.

General Hernandez, of Venezuela, is quoted as declaring that he will start a revolution and one that will not fail.

The Russian Duma, by a large majority, passed a resolution in favor of abolishing drumhead court martials, but the Premier declared it was not yet possible to rule the country under ordinary laws.

Four thousand peasants are marching on Bucharest, the capital of Roumania, where a state of siege has been proclaimed.

Mexico is taking the lead in arranging for peace Between Nicaragua and Honduras and Salvador.

To insure prompt reparation for the murder of Dr. Mauchamp by riotous Moors, the French government ordered troops in Algeria to seize the town of Oudja, Morocco.

General Picquart, French Minister of War, told the Chamber that reports of torture in the disciplinary battalions of the army in Africa were exaggerated, and the Deputies rejected a motion for an investigation.

Count Arco has succeeded in obtaining wireless telephone messages at a distance of two miles.

Horace Raynor was condemned to death for the murder of William Whitely in London.

Intervention by the United States and Mexico to end the Central American war is mooted in Washington.

Plans by the Vickers Company for gas engines that would make coming war ships funnelless greatly interested naval architects, say a cable from London.

A cable from Paris tells of the great activity in aeronautic circles and how M. Santos-Dumont on his first test of Bird of Prey No. 2 broke its left wing.

Defeating the Honduran army at Maraita, the Nicaraguan forces captured Senor Barahona, Honduran Minister of War, and General Lee Christmas, an American adventurer.

SPORTING NEWS.

The New York State Racing Commission's annual report shows that in twelve years the racing associations have paid $1,494,263 taxes, which has been contributed to the agricultural associations of the State.

R. C. Watson, Jr., of Westbrook, and Harold Sands, of the Lorne Club, qualified for the final of the Southern Cross Cup in the twelfth annual golf tournament of the Palmetto Club,, at Aiken, S. C.

J. C. McCoy will make a long balloon tripin an effort to win the Lahm cup.

Jay Gould retained his title as court tennis champion of America by defeating Joshua crane, J., of Allan R. Hawley, of the Aero Club of America, and A. N. Chandler, of the Philadelphia Aero Club, made a balloon trip from Philadelphia to Atlantic City.

F. A. Forsythe's Montgomery won the $10,000 Dery at New Orleans. Temaceo was second and Yankee girl not placed.

Columbia's crew will be trained for the Poughkeepsie race on the Hudson River.

TORE OUT HORSE'S TONGUE.

Cruel Italian Escapes With a Fine of $100 Unless Grand Jury Acts.

New York, March 28.—Because his horse was unequal to the task of pulling a wagon filled with junk out of a mudhole in the Silver Lake district of Belleville, N. J., Joseph Giordana of 26 Lake Street, Belleville, beat and kicked the animal, and then seizing its tongue tore it out by the roots. Then he led the suffering horse to its stable.

William J. Curtin, an agent for the S. P. C. A., heard of the case. He had the horse shot, and then arrested Giordana. Justice of the Peace Hopwood of Bloomfield fined the Italian $100 and costs. This was paid by Giordana's son. The attention of the Grand Jury will be called to the case.

FARMER FAIRBANKS' WOE.

Vice President's Corn Crop Tied Up By Car Congestion.

Washington, March 27.—Vice President Fairbanks called on the President to pay his respects. He stated in reply to a question as he left that the railroad situation continued bad, so far as the congestion of traffic was concerned.

He stated that he had been unable to get corn from his farm to market, and that his brother, who has a farm in Central Illinois, is making the same complaint.

Honduras Capital Falls.

Washington, D. C., March 27.—Senor Corea received this cablegram directly from President Zelaya, of Nicaragua:—

"Our army has taken Tegucigalpa."

The Minister believes that peace will now be effected if Guatemala and Salvador remain neutral and do not render aid to President Bonilla, of Honduras. Otherwise, he expects the war to go on.

Unofficial despatches also brought news of the occupation of Tegucigalpa, the Honduras capital, by the Nicaraguans. It is not expected they will attempt to hold it long, but that upon peace making it will be evacuated.

Advices received at the State Department from South America are that President Bonilla, of Honduras, whom Nicaraguan reports described as fleeing from the country after a crushing defeat, has reorganized his army and is prepared to fight to the last.

In Favor of Vegetariana

New Haven, Conn., March 26.—Professor Irving Fischer, of Yale, has completed endurance tests by which he finds that a diet without flesh food is more conducive to endurance that a diet of meat. The tests were holding out the arms as long as possible, deep knee bending and leg raising with the subject lying on his back.

Forty-nine persons were examined, including students, physicians, nurses and college instructors.

Professor Fischer says:

"The result indicates that the non-flesh eaters have far greater endurance than those accustomed to the ordinary American diet."

Mercy For Capt. Cochran.

Washington, March 27.—The President has approved the recommendation of Secretary Taft that clemency be shown in the case of Capt. W. B. Cochran, Twenty-fourth Infantry, who was sentenced to dismissal in the Philippines for drunkenness on duty. He has mitigated the sentence to the loss of fifty files.

The result is to reduce the Captain's number from 275 to 325 in the list of Captains, making it improbable that, in the ordinary course of events, he can ever rise above the rank of Lieutenant Colonel.

Paul Morton's Salt Block Burned.

Hutchinson, Kan., March 27.—The Morton salt block, the largest in the world, owned chiefly by Joy Morton and Paul Morton, ex-Secretary of the Navy, was destroyed by fire. The loss included a new $250,000 addition to the plant and a vast quantity of refined salt, and may reach $1,000,000.

Epidemic on the Georgia.

Newport News, Va., March 27.—The outbreak of measles on board the battleship Georgia, which will delay the departure of that vessel for Guantanamo, has developed into an epidemic.

More than fifty men have been taken from the ship to the naval hospital at Portsmouth, Va.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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Chas. H. Fletcher.

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Michael Ohl, Catawissa township.
Charles Mordan, Mt. Pleasant.
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William Kline, Benton Boro.
Martin L. Garmard, Berwick.
John Corbet, Bloomsburg.
David Keller, Orange Boro.
C. E. Yorks Sugarloaf.
Harry Wright, Conyngham.
J. O. Ikeler, Orange twp.
Robert Harder, Berwick.
Clark Bogart, Pine.
Judson Christian, Pine.
J. N. Conner, Centre.
John W. Fortner, Centralia.
Wm. Coffman, Bloomsburg.
Peter J. Deimer, Catawissa Boro.
A. F. Hartman, Catawissa Boro.
Charles E. Hull, Berwick.
John Harp, Mt. Pleasant.
G. P. Wakefield, Berwick.
Charles H. Breisch, Main.
Ranck Patterson, Hemlock.
John R. McAnall, Berwick.

FIRST WEEK.

Z. A. Butt, Benton Boro.
David Faust, Montour.
George Whitenight, Madison.
Harry M. Evans, Berwick.
C. LaRue Eves, Millville.
Charles H. Fritz, Berwick.
Elias Stephens, Jackson.
Wm. Custer, Scott.
Elliott Adams, Berwick.
Charles U. Faus, Pine.
Wm. Dennison, Main.
Richard Hess, Main.
Henry F. Rittenhouse, Briarcreek.
Albert Cole, Sugarloaf.
Rush Harrison, Fishingcreek.
Elwood Kanouse, Scott.
Alf. Burlingame, Scott.
Joshua Womer, Locust.
Boyd Hartzell, Main.
R. C. Kindt, Mt. Pleasant.
Jacob Kindig, Berwick.
J. B. M. Bardo, Madison.
Jacob Sones, Jackson.
Heister White, Mount Pleasant.
W. B. Hess, Fishingcreek.
Albert Mummy, Beaver.
John Kelly, Bloomsburg.
Duval Dixon, Berwick.
John M. Hummel, Fishingcreek.
Ransloe George, Cleveland.
Chester Speary, Benton twp.
Simon R. Karl, Locust.
Samuel W. Baker, Bloomsburg.
Linn Pursel, Millville.
George S Lee, Madison.
Henry Loux, Berwick.
S. E. Ruckle, Orange twp.
John W. Lewis, Bloomsburg.
A. R. Henrie, Mifflin.
Howard Oman, M. Pleasant.
J. D. Henry, Orange Boro.
J. H. Townsend, Scott.
Lloyd Appleman, Benton Boro.
Charles O. Moist, Madison.
John W. Masteller, Bloomsburg.
Taylor Ruckle, Montour.
Valentine Stout, Sugarloaf.
Alfred B. Cole, Millville.

SECOND WEEK.

Howard Pursel, Bloomsburg.
L. E. Schwartz, Bloomsburg.
Edward Levan, Conyngham.
J. E. Sands, Mt. Pleasant.
John G. Laubach, Sugarloaf.
Boyd Fry, Bloomsburg.
Evan Buckalew, Benton Boro.
Bruce Calandar, Briarcreek.
Aaron Trexler, Conyngham.
Charles Berger, Catawissa Boro.
Lorenza D. Rohrbach, Franklin.
Joseph Heacock, Greenwood.
Charles Smith, Madison.
Isaac Martz, Briarcreek.
Adam Brocius, Catawissa Boro.
Wesley Smith, Mt. Pleasant.
Pierce Keifer, Centre.
G. W. Vanlieu, Fishingcreek.
Mordicai Yocum, Jackson.
Iram D. Pitall, Pine.
Daniel Derr, Mifflin.
Jessie O. Edwards, Berwick.
Joe Hippensteel, Scott.
C. W. McKelvy, Bloomsburg.
Freas Hunsinger, Berwick.
Thos. Mensch, Catawissa twp.
Elias Geiger, Montour.
Clarence F. Redline, Mifflin.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Would License Railways.

President's Remedy for Present Mistrust of Stock Market.

President Roosevelt is more firmly convinced than ever that the best way to restore public confidence in railroad securities which will enable the roads to dispose of their stocks and bonds to raise funds with which to increase their facilities, and to stop the attacks of the State Legislatures upon transportation lines is to enact a Federal license law.

No statement of his position on this question will be issued by President Roosevelt, but from this time on he will confer with railroad officials, the Governors of States, and other persons familiar with railroad matters, and when he reaches a conclusion on some specific branch of the comprehensive plan the President is working out he will announce it in a public address or in his annual message to congress. The President is studying this question, and it may be a week or two before he reaches any definate conclusion or it may not be until Congress meets. There is not likely to be an extra session of Congress to embody his ideas in legislation.

What a splendid type of tireless activity is the sun as the psalmist describes it issuing like "a bridegroom from his chamber and rejoicing like a strong man to run a race." Every man ought to rise in the morning refreshed by slumber and renewed by rest, eager for the struggle of the day. But how rarely this is so. Most people rise still unrefreshed, and dreading the strain of the day's labors. The cause of this is deficient vitality and behind this lies a deficient supply of pure, rich blood, and an adequate nourishment of the body. There is nothing that will give a man strength and energy, as will Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It does this by increasing the quantity and quality of the blood supply. This nourishes the nerves, feeds the brain, builds up enfeebled organs, and gives that sense of strength and power which makes the struggle of life a joy. The "good feeling" which follows the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" is not due to stimulation as it contains no alcohol. The ingredients are plainly stated on the bottle-wrapper. It does not "brace-up" the body, but *builds it up* into a condition of sound and vigorous health.

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We have printed a supply of blanks for Supervisors under the new law, and will keep them in stock. They include order books, tax notices, and daily road reports. Samples sent on application. tf.

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WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C. Mar. 23, 1907.

While the Waterways Commission appointed by the President last week is not yet even organized, Chairman Burton of Ohio is expected back in Washington within a few days, and then the commission will meet to see what it can do. People in many parts of the country may not realize what an enormous task the commission has before it and how much good it will be able to do if it plans wisely, and if its wise plans are carried out. The scheme is nothing less than mapping out an efficient system of internal water transportation for all of the country that can be now reached by water, and in fact putting in canals where they will do the most good. To merely map out this much of the work seems like a stupendous task. It is almost as though the whole railroad system of the country were lacking and a few scattered horsecar lines doing all the hauling and someone in authority suddenly proposed to extend the scattered horse car lines into the present steam road system and equip it for business with the latest improvements of engineering skill.

Of course what the Waterways Commission can do is only to make a start and prepare a comprehensive plan for the approval of Congress. But one of the things it is to do in a general way is to map out an efficient auxilliary system of water transportation for slow freight that will take off the shoulders of the railroads the burden of moving the immense crops which they now frankly confess they are unable to handle. The people of the middle west realize the need of water transportation perhaps more keenly than any other part of the community. St. Louis is one of the greatest jobbing cities of the country, and a member of the commission said this week that he was assured by the big merchants there that they had not shipped a bill of goods in the past year without a proviso that they were not to be held responsible for delay in delivery. The farmers of the middle west and northwest know to their sorrow the impossibility of getting their crops to market by the railroads as now run, and thousands of bushels of last seasons grain is now rotting in the fields and beside the railroad tracks because of the inability of the railroads, real or professed, to cope with the traffic. If the Commission is able to map out a comprehensive plan of water highways that will serve the needs of the people in moving the heavy and bulky produce, the railroads will be left free to handle the fast freight and passenger traffic much more effectually.

But this is not all the Waterways Commission is expected to do. To make effective and navigable the larger streams will be a large and important work, but it is planned also to control so far as possible all the streams of the country, and thus save the millions of dollars lost annually by floods and the incalculably greater loss by washing and erosion of the farm lands of the country. This is going at the problem of stream control with a vengeance. Gifford Pinchot, the chief of the Forestry Service, is one of the members of the commission and one of the prime movers. His plan for the control of streams erosion and flood loss looks mainly to reforesting the headwaters of the streams and thus preventing the sudden down pour of melted snow and ice that makes the floods in the spring and has just caused fully $20,000,000 of loss around Pittsburg and the Ohio valley.

The people of the South realize this loss also, and have a constant object lesson before them in the destruction of the greatest rice belt in the world through the two Carolinas where the fields washed out after the forests had been cut out on the headwaters of the streams. The same was true of the "dead fields" of the cotton belt where washing by rains destroyed tens of thousands of acres of land before a partial stop was put to it by "contour cultivation".

The problem of erosion presents itself to the commission in a different form in the arid west where the North Platte, the Missouri and a dozen other streams all carry down annually millions of tons of the richest soil to choke the channel of the Mississippi and put the sediment where it will do the most harm. The Reclamation Service, whose Director, F. H. Newell is a member of the Commission will undertake to handle that end of the problem with immense settling reservoirs that will send the waters of the Mississippi and free also of the disasterous floods that ruin the farm lands along their course.

The problem of light and power from water flow will also be considered by the Commission. It is estimated by the members that from this source, the coal consumption of the country can be reduced a third, lengthening by just that much the producing life of the coal mines.

It is a great vision, and one in which a scientific imagination can revel. Just what the mine members of the commission will be able to accomplish in the way of outlining a plan before Congress meets again is uncertain. The mere working out of the details will be the work of years for experts and the turning of the plan into an accomplished act will be the work of more years still and will mean the expenditure of vast sums of money. But there were 300,000 letters sent to Congress last year from the Mississippi Valley alone on the need of such a commission, and it ought to be a satisfaction to the writers to know that the plan is taking shape.

***

President Mellen of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad was at the White House this week to see President Roosevelt about the railroad situation. Nothing touching the interview has so far been given out. The President has also talked with J. Seligman of the big banking house, James Spyer of Spyer Brothers, and it is understood will have conferences with a number of other big bankers and railroad men with a view to shaping legislation for the next session of Congress that will tend to the better control of the interstate railroads. Nothing definite in connection with the plan has yet been given out. But there is talk of federal charters for the railroads and government supervision of their capitalization, all of which will tend to put them more under government control and will be better for the protection of the small stock-holder.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss
Lucas County, }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY,

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(SEAL.) A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
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Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Don't neglect your cough.

Statistics show that in New York City alone over 200 people die every week from consumption.

And most of these consumptives might be living now if they had not neglected the warning cough.

You know how quickly *Scott's Emulsion* enables you to throw off a cough or cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

Sick Wives and Daughters.

You have often seen them with pale faces, poor appetite, head and back ache, symptoms common to the sex. Fathers and mothers, lose no time in securing Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It will cost only one dollar and is much cheaper than sickness. Write to Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout. N. Y., for a free sample bottle.

When a man is always making new friends it is a pretty good sign that his old ones are onto him.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

The April Woman's Home Companion

A distinct contribution to contemporaneous literature is the epic poem, "At Pilate's Judgment Seat," by Thomas Nelson Page, in the April *Woman's Home Companion*. In this poem, which occupies two full pages of the magazine, Mr. Page departs from the usual procedure and describes the Judgment from Pilate's point of view. The result is a masterly and novel treatment of the most marvelous trial scene in the world's history. The poem is strikingly decorated by Herbert Paus. Another important feature in this number of the *Woman's Home Companion* is a characteristic editorial by Edward Everett Hale, "Some Reminiscences of the Nation's Capitol." Homer Davenport, who recently visited the Arabian Desert for this magazine, has a notable article, entitled "The Arab Horse in Legend and Story," in which is given a wealth of first-hand information on very interesting subject. The ever helpful subject of home building is treated by Henry Harrison Lewis in an article "Selecting the Site," which describes in detail this important preliminary in home construction. An unusually strong array of fiction headed by a timely short story, "Mrs. Sackett's Easter Bonnet," by Mary E. Wilkins Freeman and including Josephine Daskam Bacon's serial, "The Domestic Adventures," and short stories by Jeanette Lee, Temple Bailey, Lulu Judson Moody and Gelston Spring give added interest to the April number. Among the special departments are "For the Girl Who Earns Her Own Living," by Anna Steese Richardson; Mrs. Saugster's Home Page; Sam Loyd's Puzzle Page; The Campaign Against Child Labor, a department specially conducted by the National Child Labor Committee; a page for "Serious-Minded Women," conducted by Herbert D. Ward; Dan Beard's Own Page for Boys; Practical Fashions, by Grace Margaret Gould; Cooking Lessons, by Fannie Merritt Farmer; and Aunt Janet's department for children. The art features are fully up to this magazine's high standard.

The Palace of Graft.

The further the probe goes into the Capitol scandal the worse the the disclosures are. Recent evidence developed the fact that Sanderson sublet a lot of the work to payne and Company, and they sublet it to Wilt and Son. Here were two contracting concerns between the firm that did the work and the State that paid for it. Of course, the profits were piled up enormously. Wilt and Son were paid $2060 for two rostrums for which the State paid Sanderson $90,748. This is very much the widest margin for rake-offs that has yet been disclosed. The architect, of course, knew what Sanderson got, and if he could not tell whether the job was worth $2000 or $90,000 he was hopelessly incompetent. If he knew that it was a $2000 job that Sanderson was paid $90,000 for, then he was something else.

An unsuccessful bidder on painting testified that he offered to do the work for 82½ per cent below the maximum price, while Sanderson offered to do it for only 16 per cent. less and got the contract. The difference was over $600,000. If any painter could do the work for 17½ per cent. of the maximum and make money (and Mr. Gibson insists that he would have made a profit had he got the job), then the maximum price, of course, was several times too high. Who named the maximum price? Why, architect Huston. The object in requiring a maximum to be named is to protect the State from excessive bids by collusion or otherwise. But a maximum price that is more than five times what the work is worth is evidently no protection. If 17½ per cent. of the maximum would have yielded a profit, what did Sanderson's 84 per cent. yield?—Ex.

Where Humor, Love, and Mystery Prevail.

Pleasant Spring Reading.

Is there a more independent position in this world than that of a childless widow left with just enough money for her not to have to think about it? "Love's Undertow," the complete novelette in *Lippincott's* April number, by Anna A. Rogers, tells the story of such a woman. Interest is divided between the brainy, well balanced and womanly widow, and her Amazon girl friend "Dione," who refuses to acknowledge that she loves a young physician because she is at outs with "things as they are" relating the sex question. The reasons for her capitulation to the cause of love, are ingenious and by no means overdrawn. Though the author declares in the first paragraph of this fascinating tale that foundation of Mrs. De Ro's second marriage was laid during the lifetime of her first husband, the reader is kept guessing which of four men is to carry off the prize. This indicates the consummate skill with which the plot is handled.

The short stories seem to have been selected with a view to "the best of its kind" —and many kinds. There is a Pennsylvania-German story by George Schock, whose success in this field is unequalled. "A Prisoner of the Ground" portrays these peculiar people as lovers, picturing the tenacity of a man and the strong faith of a maid. "A Cavalier of Five," by Minna Thomas Antrim, is one of a short series of "Don Sketches," humorous, touching episodes of child-life, each one complete in itself. George Edwin Hunt contributes "Why Rollison Went to Sumatra," a hilarious story of clubdom. "In Which Yellow Wins," by Will Levington Comfort, depicts life in a mining town, with fidelity and strength. The charm of Southern romance is insistently real in "An Accident," by Sara Chichester Page. So saturated in local spirit is she that the flirtations which she describes may have been her own. "The Night-Blooming Millers," closes the series of neighborhood stories by Marion Hill. These humorous flash-lights seem to be well liked.

Two papers of extraordinary interest are "Easter-Time in Rome," by Anne Hollingsworth Wharton, and "Ibsen and His Ism," by Joseph M. Rogers.

A good deal of curiosity is expressed by both readers and writers about the new Department, "Ways of the Hour," which is introduced in the *April Lippincott's*. This must be seen to be appreciated.

A striking poem by Tudor Jenks, is "The Demon of Notre Dame." There is also the following verses: "Why April Weeps," by Alice E. Allen; "The Artist," by Minna Irving; "When the Race is Run," by Marie Conway Oemler, "One-and-Twenty," by Richard Kirk; and "Flight" by Clinton Scollard."

"Walnuts and Wine" section is not "new" in any sense except that nothing old is printed there unless it slip in unawares. New jokes, anecdotes, and poems, are the synonym for "Walnuts and Wine."

We are prepared to furnish the *Woman's Home Companion* for 50 cents a year when taken with THE COLUMBIAN. The two for only $1.50. Send in your name while the offer lasts. tf.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to select from.

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SAMPLE MAILED FREE.

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NERVOUS DEBILITY,
Vital Weakness and Prostration from overwork and other causes. Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy. $1 per vial, or special package for serious cases, $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., William & John Sts., N. Y.

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFF[illegible]MBER 25, 1906

Trains leave EAS[illegible]NG as follows:

For Nescopeck and Wilkes-Barre, 7:50, 10:46 a. m., 2:43 (4:28 Nescopeck only), 6:20 p. m. week-days.

For Catawissa and Sunbury, 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays 4:07 p. m.

For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7:50 10:46 a. m., 2.43, 6.20 p. m. week-days.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7 50 a. m., 4:28 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7:50 10:46 a. m., 4.28, 6.20 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, and Ridgway 11 47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8:25 a. m, 4:07 p. m.; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 7:25, 11:47 a. m. 4:07, 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; 4:07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays, 4:07 p. m.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8:25 a. m., 4.07 7.25 p. m. week days; 4:07 daily; via Lewistown Junction, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days; via Lock Haven, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Passr Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 17, 1904.
TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.27 via West Milton; 11:28 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7:27 a m 3.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.27, 11:28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a. m. 12 20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG:

Leave New York via Philadelphia 9.05 a m., and via Easton 9.10a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.36, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.32 p.m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 3.40 6.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R. R.
From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY.	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY AND OCEAN CITY
7:30 a. m. Lcl.	4:00 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp	(60 Minutes)	4:15 p. m.
11:20 a. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m.
2:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	SEA ISLE CITY
	7:15 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
	SUNDAYS.	
ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY OCEAN CITY AND SEA ISLE CITY.
8:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	8:45 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	
10:00 a. m. Exp.		

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut Sts., 834 Chestnut St., 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3962 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT
June 1 1904, and until Further Notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9.00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m

First car leaves Catawissa Sunday at 7:30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

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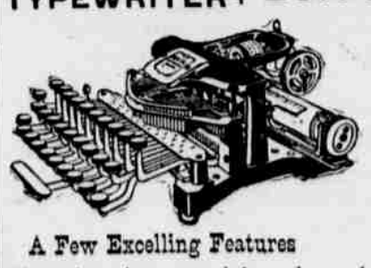

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Every machine fully guaranteed.
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Why tie up that $75 where you derive no benefit from it?
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LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.
In Effect March 1st., 1904.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	*6 45	†10 00	†1.50	*5 27
Cameron	6 56	.....	12 01	5 39
Danville	7 08	10 19	2 11	5 4[illegible]
Catawissa	7 19	10 32	2 22	5 5[illegible]
Rupert	7 24	10 37	2 29	6 0[illegible]
Bloomsburg	7 31	*6 41	2 35	6 0[illegible]
Espy	7 36	10 49	2 40	6 1[illegible]
Lime Ridge	7 41	†10 51	12 46	6 1[illegible]
Willow Grove	17 46	.....	12 50	....
Briarcreek	7 48	.....	12 53	6 2[illegible]
Berwick	7 54	11 02	2 58	6 3[illegible]
Beach Haven	8 00	†11 07	3 03	6 3[illegible]
Hick's Ferry	8 08	†11 13	3 09	6 4[illegible]
Shickshinny	8 20	11 25	3 20	6 5[illegible]
Hunlock's	8 30	.....	3 31	7 0[illegible]
Nanticoke	8 37	11 39	3 38	7 1[illegible]
Avondale	8 40	.....	3 42	7 2[illegible]
Plymouth	8 44	11 47	3 47	7 2[illegible]
Plymouth Junction	8 47	.....	3 52	.....
Kingston	8 55	11 55	4 00	7 3[illegible]
Luzerne	8 58	11 58	4 05	7 4[illegible]
Forty Fort	9 00	.....	4 07	.....
Wyoming	9 05	12 05	4 12	7 4[illegible]
West Pittston	9 10	.....	4 17	7 5[illegible]
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	12 11	4 20	7 5[illegible]
Pittston	9 19	12 14	4 24	8 0[illegible]
Duryea	9 23	.....	4 29	8 0[illegible]
Old Forge	9 26	.....	4 32	8 1[illegible]
Taylor	9 32	.....	14 40	8 1[illegible]
SCRANTON	*9 42	†2 35	4 50	*8 25
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 35	10 20	1 55	*6 40
Taylor	6 44	10 30	2 03	6 49
Old Forge	6 50	10 36	2 10	6 55
Duryea	6 53	10 39	2 13	6 58
Pittston	6 57	10 44	2 17	7 02
Susquehanna Ave	7 00	10 47	2 19	7 04
West Pittston	7 04	10 51	2 23	7 0[illegible]
Wyoming	7 09	10 56	2 27	7 12
Forty Fort	.....	.....	12 31	.....
Luzerne	7 16	11 02	2 34	7 19
Kingston	7 24	11 08	2 40	7 25
Plymouth Junction	.....	.....	.....	.....
Plymouth	7 33	11 17	2 49	7 34
Avondale	7 37	.....	2 54	.....
Nanticoke	7 41	11 25	2 58	7 42
Hunlock's	7 47	11 34	3 06	7 48
Shickshinny	7 57	11 44	3 20	7 58
Hick's Ferry	8 08	†11 54	3 30	8 08
Beach Haven	8 14	12 00	3 37	8 14
Berwick	8 22	12 07	3 44	8 20
Briarcreek	.....	12 12	13 56	.....
Willow Grove	.....	.....	13 54	8 29
Lime Ridge	8 33	12 18	3 58	8 33
Espy	.....	12 23	4 06	8 39
Bloomsburg	8 45	12 29	4 12	8 45
Rupert	8 49	12 34	4 15	8 50
Catawissa	8 53	12 38	4 20	8 55
Danville	9 07	12 51	4 32	9 10
Cameron	9 14	†1 01	†4 38	.....
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 25	*1 12	†4 50	9 35
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

*Daily. † Daily except Sunday. ‡ Stops on signal or notice to conductor.

E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1906, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	21 A.M
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 06
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	.....
Bloomsburg Main St	9 05	2 42	6 20	.....
Paper Mill	9 15	2 52	6 30	6 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 25
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 08
Zaners	f9 40	f3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons	10 00	3 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	10 03	3 40	7 21	8 56
Laubachs	10 08	3 45	7 3[illegible]	8 40
Grass Mere Park	f10 10	3 47	7 3[illegible]	9 05
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 15

SOUTHWARD.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	20 A.M.
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 36
Central	5 54	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	f6 01	17 12	f4 47	f11 00	.....
Laubachs	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 13	11 58
Coles Creek	f6 12	11 06	4 53	7 22	12 05
Edsons	6 14	f11 09	f4 56	f7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	f6 35	f11 29	5 17	f7 45	12 58
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 4[illegible]	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street	7 00	11 50	39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. Main St	7 13	12 02	5 53	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P & R	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 15

Trains No. 21 and 22, mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily ¶ Sunday only. f Flag stop. W. C. SNYDER, Supt

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STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

Capital $100,000. Undivided Profits $30.000. Surplus $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MAKE NO MISTAKE BUT DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS IN THE STRONGEST BANK.

OFFICERS:

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E. B. Tustin, Vice President. E. F. Carpenter, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

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J. M Staver,	M. I. Low,	Louis Gross,	H. V. Hower.

THE COLUMBIAN.
ESTABLISHED 1866.
THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year In advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in Advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1907

NOTICE PRIMARY ELECTION

For the Spring Primary Election to Be Held Saturday June 1st, Between the Hours of 2 P. M. and 8 P. M., 1907.

To the Voters of Columbia County:—

In accordance with SECTION THREE paragraph FOUR of the UNIFORM PRIMARY ELECTION LAW notice is hereby given that the several political parties in the said county will vote at the various polling places in the said county on Saturday June 1st, 1907, between the hours of 2 P. M. and 8 P. M. to nominate candidates at the Spring Primary election as follows, to wit,—

One person for Associate Judge.
One person for County Surveyor.
Two persons for delegates to the Republican State Convention.
Four persons for delegates to the Democratic State Convention.
Six persons for delegates to the Prohibition State Convention.
One person for Republican Committeeman in each election district.
One person for member of the Democratic Standing Committee in each election district.
One person for Chairman of the Prohibition party.
One person for Secretary of the Prohibition party.
One person for Treasurer of the Prohibition party.
One person for committeeman from each election district for the Prohibition party.

JERRY A. HESS, C. L. POHE, E. RINGROSE } County Commissioners.

Attest A. B. BLACK, Commissioner's Clerk

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE
CHARLES A. SHAFFER,
of Berwick.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic voters.

TWO CENT FARE BILL PASSED.

The bill limiting railroad fare to two cents a mile was passed by the Senate on Tuesday, and after going back to the House for concurrence, will go to the Governor for his signature. The bill will go into effect on September 20th.

LOVING CUP FOR CLEVELAND.

The entire student body of Princeton University marched to the home of Ex-President Grover Cleveland on his seventieth birthday, and presented him with a silver loving cup. The recipient was much touched by the gift, and made a response full of feeling.

IS THAW INSANE?

The trial of Harry K. Thaw for the murder of Stanford White in New York City has come to a halt by the action of Judge Fitzgerald in appointing a commission to inquire into the sanity of the defendant. Should they find him sane, the trial will proceed from where it left off. Should they find him insane now, the Judge must commit him to an asylum for the criminal insane at Matteawan, where the pampered pet of millionaire parents will find anything but a bed of roses.

WHO GOT THE MONEY.

Representative Thomas, of Bucks County, in a letter from Harrisburg to his newspaper, the Bristol *Gazette*," has the following to say about the Capitol investigation:—

"No one believes for an instant that either Architect Huston or Contractor Sanderson was allowed to get away with the millions of "swag." They could not do it without official sanction.

An impression prevails that in order to cover into the treasury before Mr. Berry took charge, millions that had been extracted, these excessive payments to Sanderson were charged on the books to make up the discrepancies between the actual cash on hand and the amount that should be there".

This is an entirely new and startling reason for the enormous difference between the actual cost and what was charged the State for the Capitol furnishing. Can it be the correct one?

Coming from an outside source the statement made might not attract much attention. But it does not come from an outside source. It comes from an intelligent and responsible member of the Legislature, who is now serving his second term and who has had enough experience and familiarity with affairs at Harrisburg to know what is going on. It is not at all likely he would have made a statement of such serious import and have signed his name to it without having some strong basis for it.

If millions had been extracted from the Treasury it is conceivable that almost any desperate thing would have been resorted to in order to cover it before Treasurer Berry came into office. Was there a Treasury deficit that had to be made good after Berry's election? It is certainly a very grave question to raise unless there are some facts to support it, and Representative Thomas has made a reputation for saying or doing things idly.

The whole State is asking who really got the money. It is an interesting feature of the investigation, and the committee will, of course, undertake to find out whether it was used to cover a Treasury deficit or went to fatten the purses of individuals standing behind the contractors.—*Phila. Record.*

Bloomsburg Souvenir Books, 48 half tone pictures, 25 cents, at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Judge O. P. Bechtel, of Schuylkill county, whose term will expire next January, has positively declined to be a candidate for re-election, and his son, Harry Bechtel, announces himself as a Democratic candidate for his father's seat. He will have a fight for the nomination, however, as Democratic County Chairman A. W. Schalch is also a candidate.

The Taking Cold Habit

The old cold goes; a new one quickly comes. It's the story of a weak throat, weak lungs, a tendency to consumption. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral breaks up the taking-cold habit. It strengthens, soothes, heals. Ask your doctor about it.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Keep the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills, just one pill each night.

Through the earnest solicitation of many of the representative men of the Democratic party, I have consented to be a candidate for Associate Judge of this county. I have never asked for a county office before. I ask the people to decide at the general primaries, June 1st.

I would feel honored by a nomination which represented the honest, unfettered preference of the Democratic party of the county; and if nominated and elected, I would, to the best of my ability, give an honest, un-bossed Judicial administration, free from entangling alliances, without promises or obligations of any kind or character that could interfere with my administration.

I appeal to every voter for your consideration and support. It is my intention to see as many of the voters before June 1st as I can.

Respectfully yours
CHARLES A. SHAFFER.

Some Facts About the Primary Election Law.

Candidates for County Offices Will Be Nominated on First Saturday in June.

There are numerous inquiries regarding the holding of the Spring primary election. The next primary election, which must be generally observed over the entire state, will be held the first Saturday in June. At this election all candidates for office to be filled at the general election in November, with the exception of those nominated by national or state convention, will be nominated, as well as the officers of the various political parties. At these primaries the commissioners are required under the Act to provide ballot boxes, official ballots for different political parties, and all other supplies. The election will be conducted by the regular election officers, and the polls will be open from two in the afternoon to eight in the evening and from one to nine o'clock p. m., all licensed places will be closed. The election officers receive one-half pay for their services which is paid by the county treasurer, who in turn receives the money from the state treasurer. Persons desiring to become candidates for state officers must file petitions with the secretary of the Commonweatth at least four weeks prior to June 1st, and in all other cases at least three weeks before June 1st, with county commissioners. The petition must be signed by voters representing the party proposed politicially, viz: For members of Congress, judges of courts and state senators, 200 qualified electors, and for representatives and officers to be voted for by the entire county, fifty qualified voters.

Stories by Normal Students.

JIM, THE POULTRY RAISER.

BY CAROL D. KRUM.

James Boswell was a poultry raiser living in Booneville. He did not know very much about the sciences and studies of today, but he did know how to raise poultry, and could converse with anyone on that subject.

When Jim's daughter came home from boarding school, her mother informed her that she must learn all about poultry raising as soon as possible to please her father. But one evening his anger was aroused when he wanted Eleanor to set the broken leg of one of his pet bantams, and she couldn't.

"Been three years to boardin' school, and can't mend a broken leg" he said, "Guess you'd better staid home and helped me, but I'm not the only fool in the country. There's Squire Brown, he sent his son Bob to school for four years and he came back with nothing but bugs on the brain. The only advantage I have over the Squire is that it took his son a year longer to learn about bugs than it did my daughter to learn nothing. Now he's raisin those bees. Why don't he put such nonsense out of his head and become a lawyer like his father."

Several evenings later as the door bell rang and Eleanor had left the sitting room he said to his wife in a loud voice "What's that chap coming here so often for?" "Hush Jim," she returned "he's calling on Eleanor" "Calling on Eleanor" he exclaimed, "well I want it stopped. How can he ever keep a wife raising bugs?"

On the following day he received a letter from Bob, asking for his daughter in marriage.

That evening when Bob called Mr. Boswell walked into the parlor with a basket containing twenty eggs. "Now Bob, if you bring me fourteen chickens out of these eggs in twenty days you may have my daughter. "All right Mr. Boswell, I'm agreed" said Bob. "Oh Bob, you can never do it," Eleanor exclaimed after her father had left the room.

"Never mind Eleanor, but come show me your fathers incubators."

Finally the evening of the twentieth day came and Eleanor was waiting nervously in the parlor until ten o'clock. "Guess Bob aint so smart as he thought he was," her father said. Just then the bell rang and Bob walked into the room saying, "I'm a little late but here are your chickens. There are eighteen in number, four for good measure."

"Good gracious! Eighteen! What do you know about chickens?" he said all in one breath. "Well Mr. Boswell I got Eleanor to show me your incubators and I noticed the temperature was the same as in my beehives so I put the eggs in the hive and in nineteen days the chickens came out."

"Well, you've played me a nice trick," he said. "Guess you know something else besides raising bugs. You may take my daughter, and besides that I'll give you a check."

The suppers given by the ladies of St. Columba's church on Friday and Saturday evenings were well attended. Everything was deliciously prepared, and nicely served.

TOWNSEND

A nice nobby line of
Easter Hats, Neckwear and Furnishings.

Don't forget you can buy your EASTER SUIT or TROUSERS at ¼ off regular price.

TOWNSEND'S

Are You Ready for Easter?

Do you realize that Easter is only a few days away—that every hour and minute counts now?

FOR THE WOMEN—We have added many new things in Fabrics, Suits, Wraps and Gloves and the "little things" that make the Easter Costume—to our splendid stock of Spring things.

We have assorted them so that choosing will be easy and pleasant.

We have priced them so that you may bloom like the Spring flower at Easter time—for little cost.

Suppose you come and see all the new and modish fashions- spend an hour or two with us—to your pleasure and profit.

The following descriptions and prices will give a hint—a slight one—of what you'll find.

EASTER GLOVES.

Misses' Kid Gloves in tan and brown $1.00.

Ladies' Kid Gloves in Grey, Tan, Pearl, Modes, Navy Blue, Green and Black at $1.00.

White Kid Gloves 75c and $1.00 and others.

EASTER FOOTWEAR.

New Spring style Shoes and Oxfords. The greatest variety we have ever shown All of the newest lasts and toe shapes in Gun Metal, Vici Kid and the various shiny leathers for all the family.

See the snappy new styles in the Walk Over oxfords for men,

Splendid variety of oxfords for women from $1.25 to $3.50–Patrician a strong favorite.

For children, thd celebrated Lenox, Educator and Moloney are here in profusion.

WOMEN'S HOSIERY.

Some Specials. All dependable—every grade from the modestly plain to the elaborate lace stockings.

Mercerized Gauze, the new hose for Spring 25c a pair.

Special. Black Lisle Hose, 39c a pair, 3 pair for $1.00.

Black Gauze Lisle Hose, garter knee 50c. Many patterns of lace and embroidered hose, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.25 the pair.

Silk Plaited Hose, $1.00. All Silk 1.50.

Special. Children's fine ribbed Cotton Hose, fast black, sizes 5½ to 9½, 18c., a 25c value.

F. P. PURSEL.
BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

Jayne's Expectorant Cures Coughs and Colds
For 75 years the favorite family medicine for throat and lungs.

EVANS' SHOE STORE.

Why not have the best?

40 Styles of beautiful Oxfords and Shoes to Select From.

EASTER

Patent Leather, Vici Kid, Patent Colt, Gun Metal,

PRICES, $1.00 to $4.00

Styles and workmanship Supreme.

The Progressive Shoe Store

Chas. M. Evans

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1907

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Cheap Clubbing Offer.

We have arranged to supply some excellent literature at a very low price. They are the following:

COLUMBIAN and *American Farmer* - - - $1.00
Regular price $1.50.

COLUMBIAN and New York Thrice a Week *World* $1.50
Regular price $2.00.

COLUMBIAN and *Woman's Home Companion* - $1.50
Regular price $2.00.

The latter is a splendid magazine with a circulation of 600,000. In form it is like the *Ladies' Home Journal*, and is fully equal to it in every respect. Take advantage of this unusual offer now. Don't wait. tf.

Calendar pads for 1907 at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Visiting cards and Wedding invitations at the COLUMBIAN office. tf

FOR SALE OR RENT.

The property of Mrs. William Elwell on West Third street is for sale, or will be rented if not sold by April 1st. For particulars inquire of Geo. E. Elwell. tf.

FOR SALE.

A medium sized heater in good condition. Apply at 161 East Fifth street.

Paper napkins and doilies at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home, in New York. Cure Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy worms. Over 20,000 testimonials. *They never fail.* At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 3-7-4t.

Most of the college students are home for the Easter vacation.

Miss Sara Milleisen is at home from LaSalle Seminary, Auburndale, Mass. for the easter vacation.

The Chamber of Commerce is getting in shape to do business, and will soon be incorporated. Mr. Vetter, the President, says that several propositions are already on hand for consideration.

The Spring term at the Normal School opened on Tuesday morning with a very large attendance. The buildings have all had a thorough cleaning, and several of the departments have moved into the new Science Hall.

Mrs. James P. Thornton died on Sunday, after an illness of about seven years. A paralytic stroke was followed by diabetes, and gangrene finally resulted fatally. Her maiden name was Crawford, and she was born near White Hall, in 1840. She married Mr. Thornton in 1874, and has resided here since.

The funeral was held on Wednesday morning, conducted by Rev. J. W. Diggles.

Every day brings something new to light in the new capitol investigation. Thus far it has been made clear that the state has been robbed of several million dollars by Huston and Sanderson, the architect and contractor. It is believed that some others shared in this graft, and it is likely that their identity will be disclosed before the investigation closes.

"The Country Day by Day" is the title of a series of articles which appear each day in *The Philadelphia Press*. The series is a review of the present day conditions and is extremely valuable as giving new and interesting side lights of this great country of ours. If you order *The Press* served at your home seven days in the week you are sure of getting the best there is both as to news and other features.

Miss Nellie Conser, of Sunbury, who has been taking a course of instruction in the working of the block system on the Sunbury division, has finished her apprenticeship and is now stationed in the tower at Shindel, near the western line of Snyder county, on the Lewistown division. It is said that Miss Conser is the first woman who has ever undertaken to master the intricate block system on the Pennsylvania lines.

Judge Wheaton decided last week that a city has no right to spend money for entertainment, the decision being in the case to compel the City Controller, Goeringer, to pay over $5000 which the Wilkes-Barre Councils had appropriated as the city's donation for the centennial celebration. Georinger refused to pay, claiming that it was illegal, and that he might be charged with the sum, and the Court sustained him.

HOLY WEEK.

Special services are being held at several of the churches in town in commemoration of Holy Week. At St. Paul's P. E. Church there are services daily at 9.30 a. m. except Friday, when there will be three hours devotion from 12 to 3 o'clock, and service at 7.30 p. m. On Saturday there will be service at 3 p. m. when parents are invited to present their children for baptism.

On Easter there will be services as follows: Morning prayer at 6.30 Holy Communion at 7.30, Service and sermon at 10.30; Children's service at 3 p. m.; Evening prayer and sermon at 7 p. m.

Souvenir Post Cards are printed at this office. Half tones supplied. tf.

CENTRAL EXAMINATIONS.

All pupils of the third and sixth grades from the rural and village schools in the county, are expected to meet with their teachers for examination next Saturday, March 30 at 8 o'clock. The examinations will be held at the same places as last year, and will be in charge of the teacher who is president of the district.

WM. W. EVANS.

Local Option Death-Blow

House Committee Reports Against It, Aiming to Kill.

Local option was knocked as nearly dead last Tuesday as Chairman Schad's House Committee on Law and Order was able to do the job. The committee, in a brief meeting between two sessions of the House, took a vote upon the Craven bill, without calling the roll or putting anybody upon official record, and agreed to report the bill adversely to the House, which received the negative recommendation a little later.

The only committeemen who voted against this effort to kill the bill were Cribbs, of Allegheny, and Osler, of Bedford, Republicans, and McGowan, of Berks, Democrat.

There were 14 other members of the committee present and presumably joining in the shouts of ayes and nays—Chairman Schad, Bluestone, Woodward and Mesta, all of Allegheny; Riebel, Ripp, Funston, Mumma and Curry, all of Philadelphia; Bentley, Washington, Cooper, Delaware, and McGowan, fellow-Democrats; Enright, of Northampton; O'Brien, Luzerne; and Flynn, Elk.

Mr. Craven on Friday offered a resolution to place the bill upon the calendar, and action was taken by the House on Monday night, when the resolution was defeated, and local option was killed for this session.

H. W. CHAMPLIN M. D.

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

Particular attention to examining and treating children's eyes.

Ent Building. Bloomsburg, Pa.

D. L. Chapin, New Columbus and Vicinity.

In the death of both the heads of this family, Mr. Chapin, on March 26th and Mrs. Chapin, three days previous, both of whom, though at this writing, not yet buried, will both be buried on the same day, recalls many pathetic scenes, and historic incidents of the first families who settled in New Columbus and vicinity.

Mr. Chapin was 87 years old and Mrs. Chapin 82. The latter was a daughter of Androus Fellows, of Cambra, who was the first white child born in Huntington township. The Chapin family was a highly respected and prominent family, and also highly influential. Mr. Chapin served a term or two in the legislature in the early sixties, and has since held almost continuously, the office of Justice of the Peace, which office he still held at the time of his death.

So far as I remember, there survive a son and daughter, Alfred Chapin, an attorney at Wilkes-Barre and Mrs. I. J. Jamison, of New Columbus. In his early life Mr. Chapin engaged in the mercantile business, and since then has always lived in New Columbus. The death of these people removes about the last land marks, though not altogether the earliest settlers of that community.

New Columbus is situated on the old Berwick Turnpike, which is crossed at that place by a branch of the old State Road, leading from Van Camp to Shickshinny. The surrounding country is somewhat broken and hilly, and highly fertile and productive. In its early history, New Columbus was a prominent business centre for miles around, until the advent of railroads up the river, and up the Fishingcreek Valley, which rendered the town and vicinity rather isolated, and diverted the bulk of the business to Shickshinny and to Benton.

The early settlers of New Columbus and vicinity, have long ago disappeared. John Koons, its founder, was prominent in its history, and highly intelligent in his day. He was a surveyor, and probably run nearly all the lines for miles around. He was a Justice of the Peace at one time, also Associate Judge of Luzerne county, and probably did more business for the people, in his day, than any other man in the valley. But we cannot thus speak at length, of all the early settlers.

The death of the Chapin family was the occasion for writing this sketch, in which we embody many historical points, that should be preserved, before passing into oblivion and lost forever, that may be of interest and value to many people.

James S. Woods, also engaged in the mercantile business at this place when a young man. And a little later came Edwin Holmes, a native of Connecticut. Freas and Adison Brown of Mifflin, also embarked in the mercantile business at this place, about the year 1856 or so. The earliest blacksmith of this place was Thomas Bender, and his successor was Samuel Bogert, some of whose family arose to positions of prominence. The first tailor was a Mr. Clewell, who was succeeded by William Ruckel, and after Ruckel came Joseph Remaly. The educational spirit was quite active among the citizens of this town, and about the year 1852 established a higher grade school in the upper story of J. S. Woods' store.

Wesley Wirt, then of Cambra, but later on removed to Bloomsburg, was the pioneer teacher of the higher grades of the community. Later the New Columbus Academy was established.

But other figures loom up before us, whom we cannot pass by. Christopher Bowman, a pioneer of the vicinity, was prominent in that day. His family, so far as we recollect, consisted of one son, Thomas, the first husband of Mrs. Benjamin Young, of Van Camp, and sister of Mrs. Chapin, now deceased, and a number of daughters. Mrs. Peter Emory, Mrs. William Emory, Mrs Charles Emory, and later Mrs. Hugh McBride and Mrs. Samuel Creveling, all of whom are deceased.

Benjamin Stevens, Hugh Lockard, George Larish, John Brittain, Fletcher and Washington Bowman, James Ramsey, John Boston, Daniel R. Williams, the Tucker family, George Mack, John Yaple, John Koons, Sr., father of Judge Koons, the Dodsons, Elias and Thomas, were among the prominent early settlers of New Columbus and vicinity. Mrs. Joseph Remaly is about the only survivor of the aged people of New Columbus.

All local newspaper publishers knowing to have readers among the friends herein mentioned are at liberty to copy this article, in whole or in part as they would think would interest their readers.

J. C. WENNER.

Benton, Pa., March 27th, 1907.

Headless Man in Bag Found in River

Murdered at Wilkes-Barre.

Receding waters of the Susquehanna River laid bare last Saturday fifteen miles south of Sunbury, a burlap bag containing the nude and headless body of a man. Ten bullet marks and five ugly knife stabs indicate the manner of the man's death, but as there was nothing by which the identity of the victim could be established, Coroner Decher, of Shamokin, had a mystery on his hands that rivaled the famous Guldensuppe murder that for a time baffled the detective force of New York.

Andrew Ziegler, a farmer, near Georgetown, in the lower end of Northumberland County, found the bag with its gruesome burden opposite McKee's Falls. He rowed over to one of the islands that dot the river to do some work, and while on his way back noticed an object lodged on a bar, and rowing to the sack, tossed it to land, unaware of the character of his find. The bag was sewed at both ends with strong cord, and when the farmer cut the string he uttered an exclamation of horror.

In making a closer examination Mr. Ziegler discovered that the bag was smeared with blood, indicating that the murder victim had been placed in the sack soon after the commission of the crime and thrown into the water. Though the body was only partly decomposed, it was not difficult to see that the large hands and brawny arms and legs of the murdered man proved that he had been of the laboring class, and probably had worked in the mines.

Coroner Decher directed Justice Bubb, of Georgetown, to have the body embalmed, and it will remain unburied until a further investigation can be made. An inquest was held and a verdict of murder was returned by the jury, which had the bullet and knife wounds as the only evidence to determine the manner of the man's death.

Search was begun at once to learn if there were any missing men in the towns along the Susquehanna River and its tributaries. The river had remained above its normal height since the rains of the early part of the week, and it is believed by some of the men in the investigation that the body was washed from some point far above the place where it lodged on the bank. That it had been in the water some days is evident, though the theory is advanced that possibly the body might have been kept for several days by the murderers, then thrown into the river or some tributary stream while the flood was in progress, in which case the bag, with its burden, might have been carried a hundred miles or more. But the blood on the bag seems to dispose of this explanation.

Police in many cities were notified and asked to aid in the hunt for clues. It is the belief of the Coroner and others investigating the case that the crime is one of the numerous murders of the Black Hand Society. The many wounds indicate that the victim was attacked by several men, possibly a dozen, and was quickly killed.

The mystery surrounding the finding of the body was unraveled on Monday.

The dead man was identified as Michael Kropaski, of Wilkes-Barre and an associate is charged with the bloody deed.

The conscience-stricken wife of the accused murderer, it is alleged, told in detail the story of the horrible crime perpetrated in their Wilkes-Barre home on Friday night March 15.

According to her reported confession, after the crime was committed, the body was secreted in the cellar of their home until the following Sunday morning, when it was cast adrift in a small creek.

THE PASSOVER.

The Jewish Feast Comes This Month.

The Jewish feast of Passover will be observed on Friday, the 29th. This is the occasion when all good Hebrews eat "Matzso" or unleavened bread. The bread is made in many cities, but Philadelphia and Pittsburg turn out the largest supplies, it being estimated that from these cities alone nearly 2,000,000 pounds of "Matzso" are shipped each year. The Passover is one of the most sacred of Jewish festivities and all members of the Orthodox Jewish church eat only unleavened bread.

Rev. E. B. Bailey, the new pastor of the Evangelical church, officiated for the first on Sunday, and made an excellent impression. He is said to be a vocalist of more than ordinary merit.

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SERVIA'S UNHAPPY KING

He Lives inConstant Fear of Assassination.

HIS PEOPLE'S ANGER

King Peter's Failure to Punish the Regicides of King Alexander and Queen Draga—Exports to England Shrink From $500,000 to $500 Per Annum.

King Peter waded to his throne through blood. The fear that he will leave it by an equally gory route makes Servia's ruler the most unhappy monarch of Europe to-day.

For three years in succession he has suffered all the agonies of a man condemned to death in the days immediately preceeding each June 11. This is the anniversary of the assassination of King Alexander and Queen Draga. The superstitions and fatalistic temperament of the Servians would make an anniversary seem to them the most appropriate time to end a dynasty.

King Peter has successfully passed June 11 three times, but there is no comfort in this fact to the sorely pressed Karageorgevitch, for now the

King Peter.

people are becoming impatient, and every day has become a virtual June 11th and the dread of assassination is a peril that never leaves the mind of the King.

That his fears are most real is well illustrated by the fact that a comparatively unimportant matter, a lone bill involving only a small sum, was sufficient to stir Belgrade to revolt. Peter, placed between two fires, dare neither approve nor veto the bill, and while it lay on his desk the citizens gathered in the courtyard of the palace crying, "Long live Alexander! Long live the Republic! Down with Peter!"

King Peter might have succeeded in the position to which he was called but for his unfortunate alliance with the regicides who had made his accession to the throne possible. If Peter had been innocent of any complicity in the taking off of the unhappy king and queen, he could have made an auspicious start by vigorously visiting justice on the guilty.

But unfortunately for the new monarch, it is established beyond a chance of doubt that he knew in advance of the comtemplated descent on the palace, and promised full immunity should he become king, to all who were concerned in the deed of blood.

It is said that the military commander who led the assault, forced him to sign a paper to this effect. Thus at the very start of his reign he was compelled to permit leaders of the regicides to hold prominent and ostentatious place at his court. Peter's close association with this regicide quickly alienated from him all the thrones of Europe. "Punish the murderers," said the powers in effect. "And we will uphold you."

Unable to do this, Peter saw himself alone. During the year before the murder of Alexander and Draga, the Servian exports to England were valued at $200,000, and amount which fell in the year of the tragedy to some $50,000, while in the year following the diplomatic rupture and the evidence that King Peter was unable to deal out justice, the exports finally fell down to a paltry $500.

The chance of his son, Prince George, ever mounting the throne is small. There are several pretenders. This son has been indirectly the cause of much of the abuse cast upon the ruler. A doctor who examined the lad pronounced him a weakling. He would be an easy victim for a forceful woman. The woman in the case was not long in appearing. She was an actress. Mademoiselle Dechanska. From all that is known of the woman, she was entirely shameless, and held a high place as one of the best actresses at Royal Theater.

Resolved at all hazards to prevent a recurrence of this incident, he ordered Mademoiselle Dechanska to quit Belgrade. She did so and went abroad. Shortly after this she was found murdered, and the suspicious Servians immediately leaped to the damning conclusion that King Peter had been the instigator of her death. The King vehemently denied the charge, but never succeeded in convincing his people.

A REAL GLOBE TROTTER.

A Much-Travelled "Fireman" on The Liner St. Paul.

The American liner St Paul, on a recent trip from Southampton to New York brought a real globe traveler in the person of Hugh R. Hall, who had worked his way across as a fireman only to be sent to Ellis Island as a stowaway. Hall went to work with the fireroom force soon after the vessel left port on the other side. He wore a guernsey, on which was stamped "Fireman," and he was not questioned.

When the vessel got in Chief Officer Osborne was at the crews gangway when Hall started to go ashore. He recognized the man as a fellow who had crossed once before, and wanted to know where he was going.

"Getting ashore, Sir," said the man.

Osborne did not recognize the man as a member of the crew in spite of the word "Fireman" prominently displayed. He questioned him and became assured that the man was the same fellow who had crossed once before and gone ashore on the plea that he was an American citizen. The man was detained, and a search of the ship's papers failed to reveal a Hugh Hall as fireman.

A search brought to light his papers issued by the British Board of Trade, and showing that he was an Englishman, and born in Lyon, Norfolk County, England.

The crew of the American Line steamers sign articles in New York for the round trip. Hall, desiring to make the trip across, had simply depended on his guernsey and his knowledge of the sea to mix with the regular crew and take a chance of getting off undetected on this side of the Atlantic.

Hall is said to be a constant traveler, although without money. He shipped from London and made a trip to Australia, where he stayed some months. From there he returned to England only to make the same trip later. Once he shipped on a Calcutta steamer, and visited nearly every port on the other side of the world before returning to his native heath. He has been all over this continent.

His wide knowledge of the country served to impose upon the immigration officials, and he not only showed familiarity with the city in which he said he was born, but he mentioned the street where that event took place and evidenced such a knowledge of American affairs and locations that he was passed through as a native-born American.

"I have seen almost every country in the world," he said. 'I think my next tour will be to Tibet. I am interested in that country."

A Real Bridal Coach.

A bridal coach designed to boom matrimony in Pittston, Pa., and to do away with the custom of decorating the ordinary hacks with white ribbons for weddings has just been completed in that city. This novel equipage is in the shape of a huge heart and costs $1.800.

It is maroon and black with gold trimmings. There are twenty hearts on the vehicle, including eight heart shaped windows, two large hearts joining to forming the dashboard and two more cropping out of the rear springs. The lamps, which have electric lights inside, are each surmounted by a Cupid with his bow and arrow. The wood carving is especially beautiful.

The coach is upholstered in cream colored velours finished with old gold buttons with two sets of watered silk curtains, and overhead is a cluster of calla lilies in the heart of which are concealed red, white and blue electric lights.

Oysters in May.

Rear AdmiralBuhler, lunching at an Atlantic City hotel, said, as the waiter brought him Little neck clams, that he was sorry the oyster season was over.

"I prefer oysters to clams, but of course," he said, "I obey the rule of R strictly, and from the beginning of May till the end of August I never touch an oyster.

"No wise person will eat an oyster after the first of May."

"One afternoon at about this time in the month of May, a man entered a restaurant, and the waiter recommended the oysters to him.

The man started in surprise.

"'Oysters?' he said. 'But oysters are not considered good in this month.'

"'I know, sir,' answered the waiter, 'but these are left over from last month.'"

Lions Becoming Interested.

Lions of East Africa are becoming greatly interested in railway operations. The Uganda railroad has 39 small stations in the 580 miles between the Indian ocean and Victoria Nyanza, and in the last year the animals have frequently visited these lonely places, especially Simba, which has only a station building, with a water tank and a sidetrack. One lion passed several successive nights at the Simba station, walking about, scratching at the office door and sleeping on the platform.

Converting Hebrews...

Conversions of Hebrews to Christianity have increased lately in Germany, 'and," says an exchange, "the indications are that the number of converts will grow." A statistician has discovered that the loss thus sustained by the Hebrews is counterbalanced to some extent by Christians going over to Judaism. In the year 1906 52 such cases were recorded, of which 38 were in Berlin.

REPORT ON CHILD LABOR

Over a Million Children Breadwinners in 1900.

LEGAL RESTRICTIONS.

Of the Total 1,054,446 Were Employed on the Farm—In 20,452 Families 35,7 Per Cent. of the Breadwinners Under 15—Families Dependent on Child Labor.

A recent Bulletin published by the Census Bureau in regard to child labor says that according to the census of 1900 there were 1,750,178 children 10 to15 years of age employed in various occupations in the United States. Of the total, 1,054,446 were employed on the farm, and most of these children were members of the farmers' families.

Next in importance to agricultural laborers comes domestic service, or the occupations of servants and waiters or waitresses in which 138,-065 children were employed, most of them being girls. The children returned as laborers, the kind of labor not being so specified as to admit of any more exact classification, make up the next largest group, the number of these children being 128,-617, of whom all but 17,059 were boys. Most of them are children living in cities or suburban communities.

The extent of the evils of child labor, the bulletin says, depends partly upon the age of the child and partly upon the character of the occupation in which the child is employed. About one-third of the children employed in gainful occupations were 15 years of age, and more than one-half were 14 or 15 years. The number under 14 was 790,623, or 45.2 per cent. of the total.

Of the total number of child breadwinners 10 to 15 years of age 72.2 per cent were boys and 27.8 per cent. girls.

In most States the employment of young children is more or less restricted by laws limiting or prohibiting child labor and requiring school attendance. But there are few legal restrictions applicable to children who are over 14 years of age. By the time the children reach the age of 15 years 50.6 per cent. or one-half of the boys and 21.4 per cent. or more than one-fifth of the girls have become workers.

The percentage of breadwinners among negro children in a comparison covering the entire United States is much higher than that for any class of white children. But the percentage of negro children employed in pursuits not connected with agriculture is comparatively small.

The cotton mills furnish employment to children to a greater extent than any other manufacturing or mechanical industry. In 1900 the number of cotton mill operatives 10 to 15 years of age was 44,427, and they formed 18 per cent. of the total number of persons more than 10 years of age in that occupation.

Of the 71,622 messengers and errand and office boys in the United States in 1900, 62 per cent. were district and telegraph messengers and errand boys, 23.3per cent. were office boys, and 14.7 per cent were bundle and cash boys or girls. Nine-tenths of the children employed in such service are boys. Children of foreign birth or parentage make up the bulk of the messengers and errand and office boys.

The total number of families with children employed in gainful occupations for which statistics were specially compiled was 20,452. This number is less than the total number of child breadwinners, because of the cases in which two or more of these child breadwinners were living in the same family. The total number of persons, or total population, living in these20,452 families was 138,908.

At the other extreme there were 264 families with no dependents, all the older members, as well as the children being breadwinners. Of these families 75 had only 1 older breadwinner, while 87 had 2, and the others had 3 or more, 20 having not less than 5 each. In such families child labor would appear to be entirely unnecessary.

In the families with child breadwinners schooling rarely extends beyond the age of 13. Of the children 14 years of age 97.4 per cent were employed and only 1.6 per cent. were at school. The percentage of school children is a little higher in the next older years. It is evident that a considerable number of the families that had children 10 to 14 years of age at work had older children attending school.

A Costly Exterminator.

Poisonous snakes and destructive sugar rats caused the importation of the mongoose from India into Jamaica years ago. This lively little animal killed off the snakes and thinned out the sugar rats but it especially enjoyed destroying the chickens. Now it is a costly nuisance. All the island poultry has to be kept within wire netting and usually above the ground and the price of eggs is high.

Uses for Copra Oil.

Copra oil used to go into the soap industry exclusively, whereas to-day several of the most important mills in Marseilles are converting this oil into a high-priced domestic grease, sold commonly as a substitute for butter.

DR. CRAPSEY'S NEW CREED.

He Predicts the Decline of the Old Faith deeply rooted.

The Rev. Dr. Algernon S. Crapsey, the Episcopalian clergyman of Rochester deposed for heresy, has stated his belief as follows:

"The authority of the Church over the reason and conscience of man is gone never to return. Never again will the mind of man submit itself to the rule of a hierarchy of priests. No Pope or Bishop, priest or preacher can any longer lord it over the reason of man. The reason of man cannot be commanded; it can only be persuaded. Reason must convince reason.

"Nor will the moral sense of man again submit itself blindly to external guidance. No order of priests can any longer stand between the soul and God. Instruction the conscience will gladly receive, but it must at least judge for itself concerning the right and the good.

"Nor will the people submit their reason and conscience to the keeping of a book written by men of old. No power can ever restore the Bible to that throne from which it has so long ruled the thoughts of men. Men will reverence the Bible, but they will also judge the Bible; they will sift it and separate the chaff from the wheat. It is vain to think of keeping the Bible in sacred isolation. It has taken its place among the great literatures of the world, and as such it must submit to the literary judgment of man.

"But you will ask what is coming in the place of the old dogmatic. The new dogmatic which is dispelling the old is not really new; it is

Rev. Dr. Algernon S. Crapsey.

the revival of a dogmatic older than the dogmatic of the churches. It is the dogmatic of the prophets, the wise men and the scribes who are sent from God from time to time for the restoration of his people. It is the dogmatic of that Teacher, come from God, whom the Christian Church has enthroned at the right hand of God.

"The God whom we would substitute for the God of Athanasius and Augustine is the God of Isaiah and the God of Jesus. In the spiritual-consciousness of Jesus we find that revelation of God which is most satisfying to the consciousness of man in general—a God of life; a God of truth; a God of love; a God whose mercy is over all His works; a God who forgives sins, because it is His nature to forgive. He does not cry for blood; He only asks for repentance. He knows whereof we are made, and His infinite pity is equal to the infinite pathos of our lives.

"The new dogmatic gives to man a history that displaces the old. Man is not a fallen being; he is a rising being. His history did not begin in a perfection lost by a primeval disaster. He began low down in the scale of being and has risen, by little and little, with many a backward slip and many a twist and turn, from lower to higher conditions, according to fixed laws and by means of resident forces. Man has been developed by man.

"The old dogmatic teaches salvation by substitution. You lay your sins on Jesus. He suffers; you go free. Such a plan of salvation is unworthy of God and degrading to man. The new dogmatic, which is the old, teaches salvation by love, salvation by service. Jesus saved not by His godlike character, but by his overpowering human love.

"The church of the new dogmatic will not be a vast political organization with popes and prelates and palaces. It will not be a school for the discussion and determination of the nature and attributes of God It will have no authority, and it will claim no authority in the realm of philosophy, astronomy, geology, biology or history. The church of the new dogmatic will not seek to propitiate God by mystic rites and ceremonies. It will offer Him no flesh to eat, no blood to drink. It will worship Him, indeed, but it will worship Him in spirit and in truth."

His Ready Explanation.

John Bright was once asked how is was that Pitt made one of the finest speeches after drinking two bottles of port. John Bright was, as usual, equal to the occasion. He pointed out that verbatim reporting was unknown in those days and suggested that the other members of the House, on whose opinion Pitt's reputation largely depended, had probably drunk three bottles.

MILLION A DAY FOR DRINKS

Is New York's Bill, Uncle Sam's Billion a Year.

CRUSADE IN THE SOUTH

Enough Beer Drunk Since 1876 to Fill a Canal from New York to Denver—Yet only One-Quarter of the Population Drinks at All—Temperance Gains.

New York spends a million dollars a day for drinks. The annual consumption of drinks in the United States amounts to $1 400,000,000. If all the beer drunk in the United States since 1876 were brought together it would fill a canal from New York to Denver—twenty feet wide, ten feet deep and 1,938 miles long, says the New York Sun.

The nation's drink bill is one-third more than the public debt, twice as much as the capital stock in the banks, a little less than the capitalization of the trusts, one-half the value of our domestic animals, more than one-half the value of all our farm products, one-third more than our total imported merchandise and one-twelfth more than our total exports.

If each individual in this country, regardless of age or sex, had drunk his share of liquor in 1876 he would have consumed about eight gallons; but now the proportion is a little more than twenty gallons. The increase is attributed to the influx of foreign immigrants who drink much beer.

It is estimated that three-fourths of the population are total abstainers, which would make every fourth person who does drink consume on an average $70 worth of liquor each year.

The use of wines and spirits is on the decrease in the United States, while beer is becoming more popular. There are fewer retail liquor dealers now than there were a year ago, while the number of places where beer is sold is increasing rapidly.

As many railroad accidents were in times past accounted for by employees being drunk, 800,000 of the 1,200,000 railroad men now on duty in the United States are under orders neither to drink nor to enter a place where liquor is sold. The penalty is dismissal from service. In Canada if a locomotive engineer or a train conductor is found drunk while on duty, he is liable to ten years imprisonment.

Southern States are more aggressive at this time than those of any other part of the country in attempting to curb drunkenness by law. Kentucky, whose very name brings up thoughts of mint juleps, has 119 counties, and of these ninety-six are without saloons. In all Kentucky there are but five counties where liquor may be sold all over the county.

In the matter of local option elections Illinois leads all other States with a record of 700 communities which have voted the saloon out. Mississippi and Texas are more than three-fourths dry by virtus of local option laws. Texas prohibits screens in drinking places, and Indiana requires saloons to keep lights burning all night with window shades open.

Tennessee, another great whiskey producing State, has had an anti-saloon movement, with the result that there are but nine towns in the entire Commonwealth where saloons are permitted. Every candidate for a State office in Tennessee, Democrat or Republican, is a temperance reformer, Senator Carmack, a Democratic leader, has pledged himself to a movement to drive every saloon from the State.

Californians say that a great temperance lesson was taught by the earthquake. San Francisco consumed much liquor and was known as a wide open town. When the earthquake occurred, the saloons were closed and long kept closed.

North Carolina has also taken advantage of the local option law. Greensboro, with more than 30,000 population, is as dry as a bone.

Nebraska has a law providing for "the examination of dipsomaniacs, inebriates and persons addicted to the excessive use of morphine, cocaine or other narcotic drugs; for the detention, care and treatment of such persons, and for their parole."

The only home for drunkards' wives ever established in the United States, and possibly in the world, is at Des Moines, Ia. This was made possible by the will of the late James Callahan, who left $20,000 for the purpose of building it.

In those communities where the percentage of foreign born population is largest there is the least effort toward legal restriction of the liquor traffic, which fact is taken to indicate that pure blooded Americans have set their faces against the vice of drunkenness. The Southern States received but 4 per cent. of the immigrants which came into the country last year, and they are leading the crusade against the saloon.

Typhiod in British Army.

In India alone the losses to the British army from typhoid fever amount to half a battalion a year. The latest reports furnish proof that the practice of anti-typhoid inoculations in the army has resulted in a substantial reduction in the incidence and death rate of enteric fever among the inoculated.

WIFE WOULD NOT BE CHATTEL.

Farmer Who Had Bought Her Very Promptly Sues Husband.

Paris, March 26.—Two farmers living near Araulis, in the Department of Haute Loire, met at the village inn and talked farming, politics and other topics, absorbing meanwhile, several bottles of democratic red wine.

Jean, it seems had plenty of live stock and grain, but no wife, whereas Jules had a wife but was short on corn. Thus it was easy for the men to arrange a bargain that would appear to suit to a nicety their respective cases.

Jules signed an agreement to cede his wife to Jean for 300f. ($60). The money was paid over. Mme. Jules, however, refused to go to live with Jean, whereupon Jean, the purchaser, was furious over the non-execution of the contract, brought suit against Jules for 3,000f. ($600) for breach of contract, and duly entered an action before a magistrate.

WOMEN SHOT IN THEIR HOME.

Vengeful Moonshiners Kill One and Mortally Wound Another.

Richmond, Va., March. 27.—In Patrick County, in the Blue Ridge Mountains, a party of eight or ten men went to the home of the Misses Jane and Annie Hall, spinsters, who lived in the northern part of the county, and riddled the house with bullets. Miss Annie Hall was almost instantly killed, while Miss Jane Hall was mortally wounded and will hardly live.

A nephew lived in the house and it is said he was accused of reporting to United States Revenue Officers the whereabouts of several "moonshine" distilleries that agents of the Government recently destroyed in the neighborhood.

GEN. JAMES M. VARNUM KILLED.

Auto He was Riding in Struck By Trolley Car.

New York, March 28.—Gen. James M. Varnum, at one time Brigadier-General of staff of the New York National Guard and Surrogate of New York county by appointment of Gov. Roosevelt in 1899, died in Roosevelt Hospital as the result of injuries received in an automombile collision with a Broadway car at Seventh avenue and Forty-sixth street. Miss Mary O. Frick of Baltimore, who was a guest of Gen. and Mrs. Varnum at their home at 36 East Fifty-second street, was badly cut about the head by flying glass. Mrs. Varnum, the third of the party, was uninjured.

Starving Chinese Turn Cannibals

Shanghai, March 28.—The famine-stricken Chinese have been practicing cannibalism in localities where the distress is most acute. Authenticated cases have thus far been few, but it is feared that cannibalism will spread unless relief can be more speedily and more widely distributed. The spread of fever continues and the heavy rains are increasing the general misery. Spasmodic rioting occurred, but the outbreaks have not been serious.

Woman of 95 Dier From Mumps

Holyoke. Mass., March 28.—The childhood affliction mumps caused the death of Mrs. Cynthia Houghtaling, ninety-five years of age. She was the oldest resident of Holyoke.

FINANCIAL.

Frank Trumbull, president of the Colorado and Southern, is enthusiastic over business prosperity in the West.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Produce Quoted for the Week.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3¼ per qt.

Butter.	
Creamrey, extra	29½ @ 30
Firsts	27 @ 29
State dairy, fancy	27 @ 28
Cheese.	
Fancy	14½ @ 11¾
Small	14½ @ 14¾
Part Skims	7 @ 9
Eggs.	
State and Penn	21 @ 22
Western—Firsts	17¾ @ 18
Duck	25 @ 29
Live Poultry.	
Chickens, per lb	12 @ 12
Fowls, per lb	17
Dressed Poultry.	
Turkeys, per lb	10 @ 15
Chickens, Phila. lb	11 @ 18
Geese, spring, lb	8 @ 10
Ducklings, per lb	8 @ 12
Fruits—Fresh.	
Apples — Greenings per bbl	$1 50 @ $3 75
King, bbl	3 00 @ 4 00
Ben davis, per bbl	1 50 @ 3 25
Vegetables.	
Potatoes, L. I., bbl	$1 85 @ $2 00
Cabbages, per 100	1 00 @ 2 00
Onions, white, per bbl	2 25 @ 3 25
Beets, per bbl	1 00 @ 1 50
Hay and Straw.	
Hay, prime, cwt.	$1 00 @ $1 15
No. 1, per cwt.	80 @ 1 10
No. 2, per cwt	65 @ 75
Straw, lang rye.	60 @ 65
Grain, Etc.	
Flour, Win. pats.	$3 00 @ $3 85
spring pats	4 20 @ 5 00
Wheat No. 1..	93½
No. 2, red	84½ @ 85
Oats, mixed	48
Clipped white	52 @ 55
Live Stock.	
Beeves, city drs'd.	7 @ 9
Calves, city drs'd.	8 @ 13¾
Country drs'd.	7½ @ 11½
Sheep, per cwt.	4 50 @ 6 00

YIELDS MORE HEAT THAN COAL.

Inventor Promises to Revolutionize the World's Fuel.

Altoona, Pa., March 27.—Perhaps the greatest menace to the power of the Coal Trust anywhere in the world is John Ellmore, a cobbler who has gone far beyond his last in inventing a method of extracting from ashes ten times as much heat as can be derived from the best coal. Ellmore said he had resolved to introduce his invention commercially so soon as he should be protected by patents, and that he was not wasting words was shown by a demonstration he gave in the Citizens' Electrical Company's plant in the presence of several hundred persons. There he built a hotter fire with ashes under one of the concern's ten boilers than could be made with coal under all the nine other boilers combined. His secret is a chemical compound with which he sprinkles the ashes, of which he uses ten parts to one of coal:

TO BAR FOREIGN STUDENTS.

Movement in Germany, Which Alleges They Injure Universities.

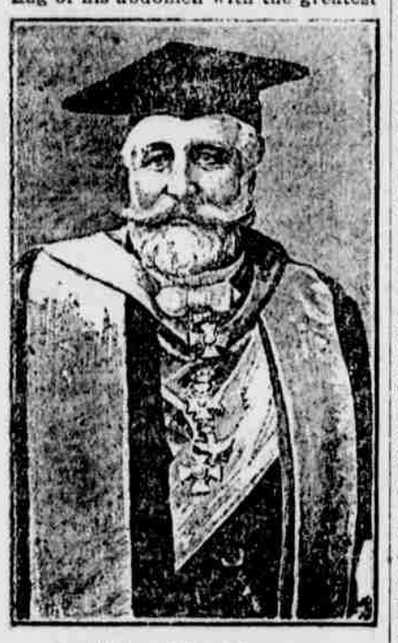
Berlin, March 25.—The movement recently inaugerated by Prof. Schliemann tending to exclude foreign students from the German universities has met with a new impetus because of a conference called a few days ago by Prof. Samasser in the Sophien Salen. The professor tried to demonstrate that the indiscriminate and easy admission of foreign students to the German universities is the principal cause of the decay of many such institutions.

He claimed that crime is increasing among university students, especially the foreign element. Another reason why the admission of foreign students should be restricted, according to the professor, is to be found in the fact that many positions of civil engineering, formerly occupied by Germans in several European cities, are now given to natives who have completed their studies in German institutions.

Famous Surgeon Dead.

Weisbaden, Germany, March 27.—Prof. Ernst Von Bergmann, famous surgeon, died here.

He was operated upon for an internal disorder without an anaesthetic and bore the prolonged cutting of his abdomen with the greatest



Prof. Ernest Von Bergmann.

fortitude, although he did not direct the surgery, as he did in the case of a previous operation some months ago.

The Professor had many royal patients. In May last he was summoned to Constantinople to attend the Sultan's daughter. In August he attended the Sultan himself. He also treated the late Shah of Persia early this year, and he is said to have received a fee of $22,000. It is said that Professor von Bergmann taught Emperor William the use of the laryngoscope.

Shark Bit Off Finger.

Washington, March 28.—An incident reported in the mail just received at the Insular Bureau from the Philippines is that as one of the boats belonging to the gunboat El Cano was being rowed out to the ship in Manila Harbor, Feb. 9, the plug in the bottom came out, and to prevent the boat from being swamped, J. J. Dunlap, a sailor, thrust his forefinger into the hole. The finger was immediately bitten off by a shark. The sailor will have to be retired.

Invention to End Mine Horrors.

Paris, March 26.—Prof. Grehant, of the Academy of Medicine, has invented an instrument which will indicate when the gas in coal mines reaches such proportions in comparison with the air as to produce detonation. According to the Professor, it does not explode unless mixed with the air in the proportion of one-sixth. The instrument shows the exact proportion of gas in the mine.

Dying Woman Shot Husband.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 26.—Believing she had only three days to live and fearing to die and leave her husband, Mrs. Charles Avery, of No. 1,611 Superior avenue, N. W., shot him twice, inflicting wounds that will prove fatal. Two shots were fired, both taking effect. One struck him in the back just over the right kidney, the other left a jagged flesh wound in his left wrist.

A Square Deal

Is assured you when you buy Dr. Pierce's family medicines—for all the ingredients entering into them are printed on the bottle-wrappers and their formulas are attested under oath as being complete and correct. You know just what you are paying for and that the ingredients are gathered from Nature's laboratory, being selected from the most valuable native medicinal roots found growing in our American forests and while potent to cure are perfectly harmless even to the most delicate women and children. Not a drop of alcohol enters into their composition. A much better agent is used both for extracting and preserving the medicinal principles used in them, viz.—pure triple-refined glycerine. This agent possesses intrinsic medicinal properties of its own, being a most valuable antiseptic and antiferment, nutritive and soothing demulcent.

Glycerine plays an important part in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in the cure of indigestion, dyspepsia and weak stomach, attended by sour risings, heart-burn, foul breath, coated tongue, poor appetite, gnawing feeling in stomach, biliousness and kindred derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels.

Besides curing all the above distressing ailments, the "Golden Medical Discovery" is a specific for all diseases of the mucous membranes, as catarrh, whether of the nasal passages or of the stomach, bowels or pelvic organs. Even in its ulcerative stages it will yield to this sovereign remedy if its use be persevered in. In Chronic Catarrh of the Nasal passages, it is well, while taking the "Golden Medical Discovery" for the necessary constitutional treatment, to cleanse the passages freely two or three times a day with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. This thorough course of treatment generally cures the worst cases.

In coughs and hoarseness caused by bronchial, throat and lung affections, except consumption in its advanced stages, the "Golden Medical Discovery" is a most efficient remedy, especially in those obstinate, hang-on coughs caused by irritation and congestion of the bronchial mucous membranes. The "Discovery" is not so good for acute coughs arising from sudden colds, nor must it be expected to cure consumption in its advanced stages—no medicine will do that—but for all the obstinate, chronic coughs, which, if neglected, or badly treated, lead up to consumption, it is the best medicine that can be taken.

Exaggerated Ego.

Cases Quaint and Curious of Persons Who Have It.

When a gentleman residing in the mountains of Eastern Kentucky, says the *Louisville Courier Journal*, lets his mind dwell upon the cussedness of his neighbor until he decides that the man is too mean to live and squatting behind a stump, awaits the neighbor's passing and inflicts capital punishment upon him by placing a bullet from a "45" somewhere among his vitals, the executioner must be held blameless. He has the exaggerated ego.

When a jealous husband ruminates upon his imagined wrongs until he decides to strangle his wife with the cord that holds back the portieres in the parlor, and accomplishes his purpose, he is not a criminal, but, temporarily, a maniac. He has the exaggerated ego.

When an anarchist decides that the head of the government is unworthy to rule, and that he is appointed by Providence to put him out of business with an infernal machine, and so explodes 10 pounds of dynamite under his carriage, distributing the head of the government over the immediate vicinity, he is blameless. He has the exaggerated ego.

When the bank cashier needs a few millions, finding life irksome on a salary of $5000 a year, and decides to buck the stock market with your savings and those of your neighbors, and coming out at the small end of the financial horn, decamps for Africa, he is not a bad man. He has the exaggerated ego.

When a man operates a life insurance company for the purpose of fitting his family out with individual yachts and palaces, rather than with a view to making the dividend accumulations of fact equal the dividend accumulations that glitter in the imagination of the agent, he is not a thief. He has the exaggerated ego.

When a man persuades you that he has a gold mine in Santo Domingo or Alaska too large for personal use, and is anxious to divide it with a few friends and casual acquaintances for whom he has always cherished a kindly feeling, and you join with 2000 others in investing your surplus cash, and it subsequently develops that the promoter never contemplated digging in earth for gold, but was satisfied to inveigle the innocent into digging it from their pockets, that man is not fellow to the home thief and second cousin to the pickpocket. He has the exaggerated ego.

It is at once wicked and futile to try to proceed legally against persons who do you financial or physicial violence while suffering from the exaggerated ego. The only practical plan of operating nowadays, when a man must needs paddle his own canoe or drift down stream, is to apply the David Harum Golden Rule, "do unto others as they would do unto you, and do it fust," being careful to get together a considerable quantity of cash in the doing, or prior thereto. Then march into court with a large posse of picked alienists and explain that you have the exaggerated ego.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Whole-Wheat Bread.

Stir together a cup, each, of boiling water and hot milk, and add a tablespoonful of melted butter and one of granulated sugar. When the mixture is blood warm stir in a yeast-cake that has been dissolved in a gill of warm water. Mix three cups of whole-wheat flour with a cup of white flour and work this into the liquid mixture until you have a soft dough that can be kneaded. Knead for ten or fifteen minutes, cover and set to rise until it is twice its original size. Make into small loaves, let it rise for an hour or until very light, and bake in a steady oven.

Canned Strawberries.

Cap the berries and weigh them. To every pound of berries allow a quarter-pound of granulated sugar. Put the berries and sugar in alternate layers in a porcelain-lined preserving kettle and stand for an hour. Add a pinch of alum and set at the side of the stove to simmer gently for fifteen minutes after the bubbling actually begins. Dip out the superfluous juice which may be used for strawberry jelly. Fill heated jars to overflowing with the boiling fruit and seal.

Dandelion Wine.

Cover the dandelion blossoms with boiling water, stand on the side of the range for five minutes then strain out the flowers, pressing these hard to extract all juice. Measure this, sweeten to taste, and add brandy in the proportion of a pint of the liquor to four gallons of liquid. Put in uncorked bottles and set in a cool dark place until fermentation ceases, then rebottle and seal.

Gooseberry Jam.

Top and tail the gooseberries and weigh them, allowing four pounds of granulated sugar to six pounds of the fruit. Wash the berries, put them, still wet, in the kettle with the sugar and set at the side of the range, watching carefully that they do not scorch. Stir often. Cook steadily for an hour. If there is too much juice dip it out and keep for jelly. Put the jam, boiling hot, into jelly glasses and seal.

Like Belles of Long Ago.

Many of the old chains which are mere threads of gold or silver are used to hang miniatures or locklets on. Beads, too, such as were worn by the belles of long ago, are wrapped around the throat and fastened in the back with a cameo or amethyst clasp.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In re estate of John Kelchner, late of the Township of Centre, in the County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania:

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans Court of Columbia County, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of George W. Kelchner and Emanuel L. Kelchner, Executors of the estate of John Kelchner, late of the Township aforesaid, as shown by their third and final account filed in the Orphans Court of Columbia County, to No. 10 of Feb'y. Term, 1-07, to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will sit at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on Friday, April 12th, 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims or demands against said estate may present them or forever after be debarred from coming in on said fund.

3-7-ta. CLINTON HERRING, Auditor.

CHARTER NOTICE.

In the Common Pleas Court of Columbia County.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made by the ST. JOHN'S EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH OF CATAWISSA, PENNSYLVAIA, to the Court of Common Pleas of the county aforesaid on the 1st day of April 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., underthe provisions of the Act of Assembly of this Common wealth entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and it supplements, for the approval and allowance of certain amendments to the charter of said corporation, as set forth in the petition therefor filed in said court.

C. E. KREISHER,

March 4th, 1907.

3-7-4t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Martin Kline, late of Orange Township, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Martin Kline, late of Orange township, deceased have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

JOSEPH A. HENRIE,
Administrator
Orangeville, R. F. D. No. 1.

Clinton Herring, Atty. 2-14-6t.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Margaret M. Smith, late of Greenwood Township, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Margaret M. Smith, late of Greenwood township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

WESLEY MORRIS,
Administrator,
Millville, R. F. D.

A. L. Fritz, Attorney. 2-21-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Eli Welliver, late of Greenwood township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Eli Welliver, late of Greenwood township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to CHARLES E. WELLIVER

Clinton Herring, Attorney. Bloomsburg, Pa. Administrator.

2-28 6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Huston Robison, late of Scott township, deceased.

Letters of administration de bonis non in the above estate have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having just claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

B. RUSH ZARR,

In the Orphans' Court for the County of Union

INQUEST IN PARTITION.

ESTATE OF BENJAMIN F. REIGHARD, DEC'D.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

LEWISBURG, PA., March 19, 1907.

To Mary E. Reighard, widow.
John Reighard,
B Frank Reighard, Shamokin, Pa.
D. Wesley Reighard, SouthSharon, Pa
Geo. P. Reighard, Kane, McKean Co., Pa.
Mary C. Reighard, Kane. McKean Co., Pa.
Clara Kiester, Millheim, Centre Co., Penn'a.
Elizabeth Wise, Portland Mills, Elk Co., Pa.
John Benton Reighard, Loganton, Clinton Co., Pa.
Ernest H. Reighard, Glady, Randolph Co., West Va.
Otto E. Reighard, Topton, Cherokee Co., N. C.
Willis J. Reighard, West Port, Clinton Co., Pa.
Bessie A. Reighard, Lock Haven, Pa.
C. S. Whitman, guardian of Pearl U. Reighard, Glen Union, Clinton Co., Pa.
Rhoda M. Whitman, Glen Union, Pa.
The Penn Trust Co., Reading, Pa. guardian of Pearl E Jacoby, Elsie H. Jacoby and Edith Jacoby.
Jennie Kelchner, Jersey Shore, Pa.
Becky C. Ent, Light Street, Pa.
Susie E. Townsend, 3537 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, Ill.
John B. Reighard, Light Street, Pa.
Carrie E. Reighard, Light Street, Pa.
Benjamin T. Reighard, Centrepoint, Iowa.
W. R. Motz, Pittsburgh, Pa.
J. C. F. Motz, Monessen, Pa.
Francis J. Motz, Sewickley, Pa.
Harry J. Welch, Freeport, Illinois.
William R. Welsh, Walsenburg, Colorado.
Belle A. Welch, 2147 Grant Ave., Denver, Col.
Frances G. Foley, Superior, Wisconsin.
Charles Reighard, Sycamore, Ills.
Florence Bellendorf, Sycamore, Ills.
Roland Reighard, Sycamore, Ills.
Walter Reighard, Sycamore, Ills.
Shepard W. Reighard, Hub Cloth House, Chicago, Ills.
Mary Belle Welch, Williamsburg, Kansas.
Louise McWilliams, Water Valley, Mississippi.
Jennette A. Reighard, Freeport Ill.
Blanche E. Gast, Mifflinburg, Pa.
James R. Smith, Milton, Pa.
Catherine Wilkinson, Mifflinburg, Pa.
Belle Smith, Tyrone, Pa.

TAKE NOTICE, that by virtue of a Writ of Partition in the estate of the decedent above named, to me directed and made returnable at May Term of said Court, an Inquisition will be held on the premises of Tract No. 1. hereinafter described, on MONDAY, MAY 6th, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., thence proceeding to Tracts Nos. 2, and 3, and on the premises of Tract No. 4, hereinafter described, on WEDNESDAY, MAY 8th, 1907, at one o'clock p. m., to ascertain and inquire, among other things, whether the said several premises can be parted and divided without prejudice to or spoiling the whole thereof, otherwise to value and appraise the same; when and where you may attend if you see proper.

The said real estate consists of the following tracts, more fully described in the petition for said Writ, to wit:

No. 1. An undivided one-half interest in all that tract of farm land situate in the township of Limestone, County of Union, Penna., bounded north by land of J. Merrill Barber and Calvin M. Hayes; on the east by public road and land of the estate Benj. Chambers, dec'd; on the south by land of Sarah F. Barber and Samuel Barber, and on the west by land of the heirs of Thomas C. Barber, dec'd. containing 112 acres, more or less.

No. 2. An undivided one-half interest in a tract of land in Lewis township, Union Co., Penna., bounded on the north by land late of S. S. Myers and William Catherman; on the east by land of James K Reish; on the south by land late of Joseph Sanders, and on the west by lands late of Noah Bingaman and Christian Mensch, containing 98 acres and allowance.

No. 3. An undivided on-half interest in a tract of land in Limestone township, Union Co., Pa., bounded by lands of J. Merrill Barber, Ludwig F. Shoemaker, Horace P. Glover, Benj Chambers and others, containing 42 acres, more or less.

No. 4. All that certain tract of farm land situate in Scott twp., Columbia Co., Penna., of which W. P. Everly is now tenant, bounded north by lands of James Reichard and public road leading from Paper Mill to Espy; east by public road leading from Light Street to Espy and land of Josiah Giger; south by lands of Harvey Creveling and B. F. Zarr, and west by public road, extension of Fifth St., Bloomsburg, and land of Harvey Creveling, containing 156 acres and 37 perches.

HOWARD W. DIEFFENDERFER, Sheriff.

GLOVER & GLOVER, ANDREW A. LEISER, } Attorneys.

3-21-6t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mehetable Albertson, late of Greenwood township.

The undersigned appointed an auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to make distribution of the fund in the hands of the Administrator, of said deceased, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Thursday, April 11th, 1907 at 10 o'clock a. m. to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all parties interested in the fund in the hands of the administrator of said deceased will appear and prove the same or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

3-7-ta. B. F. ZARR, Auditor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Annie Culp, late of Mt. Pleasant township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Annie Culp, late of Mt. Pleasant township, deceased, have been granted to Charles Culp, resident of Bloomsburg, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay. CHARLES CULP,

Fred Ikeler, Executor.

2-28 6t Attorney. Bloomsburg, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate.

Pursuant to an order from the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Martin Kline, late of the Township of Orange, in the County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, will expose to public sale on the premises lately occupied by said deceased near Bowman's Mills on

FRIDAY, THE 29th DAY OF MARCH, 1907,

at two o'clock

of said day, the following described real estate: All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the Townsh'p, County and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone corner of land of William Fellas and Wesley Bowman, thence by land of William Hellas and Wesley Bowman, North twenty-eight degrees West one hundred and four-tenths perches to a stone, thence by land of Wesley Bowman South fifty-three degrees West twenty-one and five-tenth perches to a stone, thence by the same South one-half degree East fourteen and two-tenth perches to a stone, thence by the same South twenty-seven and one-half degrees West eight and four-tenth perches to a stone, thence by the same North sixty and one-half degrees West fourteen and three-tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of Eli Kline South forty-five and one-fourth degrees West twenty nine and one-tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of John Crouse South twenty-six and three-fourth degrees East sixty-four and six-tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of Wesley Bowman North twenty-seven degrees East seventy and seven-tenth perches to the place of beginning, containing

34 ACRES and 133 PERCHES

of land, be the same more or less. It being the same premises which Rebecca Johnson by deed dated April 6th, 1868, recorded in Columbia County in deed book Vol. "U" at page 447 conveyed unto Martin Kline and David B. Kline, and which the said David B. Kline by deed dated Oct. 16th, 1874, recorded in Columbia County in deed book Vol. 27 at page 651, conveyed his interest in the same unto the said Martin Kline, and the description herein used is the same as that contained in said last mentioned deed; and whereon is erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE AND BARN

and other outbuildings.

ALSO

all the interest of the said Martin Kline in all that certain piece, parcel and lot of ground situate in the Township, County and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone, thence by lands of Jacob Johnson, heirs of Crouse South forty-five and one-fourth degrees West forty-seven and seven-tenth perches to a sassafras thence by heirs of Andrew Crouse North forty-nine and three-fourth degrees West forty perches to a stone, thence by lands of Edward McHenry North fifty-four degrees East fifty-eight perches to a stone, thence by public road South seventeen degrees East twenty perches to a stone, thence along public road South fifty-six degrees East twelve perches to the place of beginning, containing

10 ACRES and 132 PERCHES OF LAND.

be the same more or less. It being the same premises of which Eli Kline died seized and which descended to the said Martin Kline and others.

This farm is in a fairly good state of cultivation and is a desirable little farm. Possession given April 1st, 1907, providing one-fourth of the purchase money is paid. All personal property on premises reserved. Deed and surveys if wanted at expense of purchaser.

TERMS OF SALE: Ten per cent of one-fourth of purchase money to be paid at striking down of the property, balance of one-fourth at confirmation nisi of sale, or when possession is taken, and remaining three-fourths within one year from date of sale with interest on all unpaid purchase money from date of sale.

JOSEPH A. HENRIE,
Administrator of Martin Kline, dec'd.

CLINTON HERRING, Attorney.

3-7-ts.

NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County.

Filed March 7, 1907.

In re-petition of the Commissioners of Columbia County to sell at public sale certain real estate possessed by said County, situate in the Borough of Berwick, in said County, bounded and described as follows: Parts of water lots No's 9 and 10 in said Borough on north by road leading to river, on East by lot No. 8, on South by river, and on the west by Chesnut street, whereon is erected a two story frame dwelling house, each lot being 49 & ⅝ feet wide the same being part of the toll bridge over the river Susquehanna of the Berwick Bridge Company of Berwick in said County purchased by said Counties of Columbia and Luzerne under said proceedings, as will more fully and at large appear by reference to the report of viewers with the map annexed thereto filed in said proceedings on the 14th day of September 1900, as of No. 530 April Term, 1900 in said Court of Quarter Sessions of the County of Luzerne.

Now March 4th, 1907 on reading the within petition the same is directed to be filed, and Thursday the 28th day of March, 1907 at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon is fixed for the hearing of said petition by said Court.

BY THE COURT.

3-14-3t.

INCORPORATION OF "THE CRAFTSMAN."

In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County. No. Term 1907

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the above Court on April 4th, 1907 at ten o'clock a. m. under the "Corporation Act of 1874" of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Craftsman," the character and object of which is, The maintenance of a club for fraternal, educational and social enjoyments, and for these purposes to have and possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

The proposed charter is now on file in the Prothonotary's office

H. A. MCKILLIP,
Solicitor

2-14-4t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Huffnogle late of the township of Fishing Creek, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of John Huffnogle, late of the township of Fishing Creek, county of Columbia, Pa., deceased, have been granted to Ralph R. John, resident of Bloomsburg, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay. RALPH R JOHN,

3-7-6t. Executor.

Professional Cards.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building 2nd Floor
Bloomsburg, Pa.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Ent Building, Coust House Square.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

RALPH. R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT-LAW.
Hartman Building, Market Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office Over First National Bank.
Bloomsburg, Pa,

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wirt's Building.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office Corner of 3rd and Main Sts.
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Orangeville Wednesday each week

A. L. FRITZ.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

J. H. MAIZE
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND EAL ESTATE AGENT
Office in Townsend's Building
Bloomsburg, Pa,

N U. FUNK
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Ent's Building, Court House Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

SADE T. VANNATTA
(Successor to C. F. Knapp)
GENERAL INSURACE
Office 238 Iron St., Bloomsburg, Pa
Oct. 31, 1901. tf*

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
INSURANCE and REALESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corner Main and Centre Sts.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all loses promptly adjusted and paid at their office.

DR. W. H. HOUSE
SURGEON DENTIST
Office Barton's Building, Main below Market
Bloomsburg, Pa.
All styles of work done in a superior manner
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THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1907

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Special Correspondence.

Harrisburg, Pa., Mar. 25, 1907.

Fraud in every form has been revealed by the capitol probers engaged in the investigation of the charges of graft in the construction of the capitol. Overcharges, the substitution of inferior for superior materials, false measurements, in fact every conceivable device for looting the treasury appears to have been resorted to, and but for the accident of William H. Berry's election to the State Treasurer this vast crime would have escaped detection and the criminals would still be in control of the public life of the commonwealth.

The election of Mr. Berry was all acoident, of course. Outraged by an unusually bold attack upon their property the people of Philadelphia voted against the machine candidate and he was defeated. But it wasn't an enduring reform or a sincere conversion. Within a year the former conditions were resumed and in the face of the exposure of a criminal operation greater than that contemplated in Philadelphia, the candidates were supported with the same enthusiasm that previously prevailed. The city is "corrupt and contented."

When the exposures were first made the participants in the crime denied the accusations. Samuel W. Pennypacker, at the time Governor of the State, over his own signature, and after careful consideration, protested that the work was honestly performed and the service was a just one. Beaver county glass was used where the specifications required imported ware, cheap wood was substituted for expensive wood, and dipping in gold was made to serve for plating. But former Governor Pennypacker reveals no contrition.

PENNYPACKER LARGELY RESPONSIBLE.

The figures representing the profits of the favored contractor are amazing. For the furnishings in the main retiring room the State paid Sanderson $21,215.20 and they cost Sanderson only $2,018.00. The fixtures in fourteen rooms cost the State $156,369 60 though Sanderson only paid $29,170 00 for them. Even if there had been no actual fraud, therefore, the overcharging would have been criminal. But nearly every piece of material is bogus. The hand carving was made by machinery and glued on and though it is probably good enough it nevertheless represents fraud.

And Samuel W. Pennypacker knew of the frauds beyond question. He himself offered the resolution which not only made the frauds possible but also made them inevitable. The resolution in question made the condition for bidding that each competitor should bid on every item. Subsequently Pennypacker personally assured bidders that it was not necessary to bid on every item and when the bids were opened all those which failed to cover everything were thrown out. That left Sanderson the only bidder, necessarily gave him the awards and incidentally invited him to plunder the State.

Neither are the machine mangers showing signs of contrition. Last week there was a largely attended banquet in Harrisburg at which Mr. Pennypacker was one of the principal speakers. He didn't refer to the graft charges or defend the criminals, and neither did any of the other speakers. But the very day of the banquet the facts of Pennypacker's responsibility for the frauds were brought out in the evidence and all the speakers, including the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Lieutenant Governor of the State and the Adjutant General, fulsomely eulogized Pennypacker. The obvious purpose was to fortify him against the effect of the exposures.

STUART AND THE MACHINE.

This is a most significant incident. It was noticed that Governor Stuart did not join in this chorus of praise. He referred to the presence of his predecessor in office, as he was practically compelled to do, but he let it go at that. He manifestly intends to make a thorough job of the investigation, in so far as it is possible for him to do so. During the campaign he pledged himself to that and he looks like a fellow who will make good his pledges. But those who made no pledges have set out to take care of the crooks and this is one of the methods of accomplishing that result. Lieutenant Governor Murphy ridiculed the charges during the campaign and he wants to ignore the facts now.

He will not be able to do that, however. Speaker McClain and President pro tem. of the Senate Woods intended to proceed on those lines when they appointed the investigators, it may also be assumed. But Governor Stuart defeated that purpose when he appointed James A. Stranahan and James Scarlet counsel for the State. They are able and incorruptible and their reputations are guarantees of thoroughness. For that reason the machine men understand that there will be a complete exposure. But they hope to defeat the effect of it by fulsomely praising the criminals. They foolishly imagine that an expression of their confidence in a man will secure him in public confidence. No greater mistake was ever made.

The only thing that could be said against Stuart during the campaign was that he was associated with the gang and if Emery had been a trifle more prudent with his tongue, that affiliation would have defeated Stuart. In view of the fact it is folly for machine managers to praise Pennypacker. He has been caught in the act. The treasury was looted beyond question and Pennypacker aided in the operation. The people understood this and honied words from Murphy, McClain and Adjutant General Stuart will not divert just popular indignation or obscure the palpable facts. Restitution is probably out of the question and criminal prosecutions may be expedient. But public condemnation can run and should run as long as the conspirators live.

HARD FIGHT FOR TROLLEY FREIGHT

The event of last week's legislative proceedings was the fight made by Mr. Creasy, supported by nearly all his Democratic colleagues, for effective legislation authorizing trolley railroaes to carry freight. It occupied nearly all of last Thursday and was decidedly the most spirited incident of the season, and probably the most significant. It has been discovered that there is a possibility of defeating the legislation in question by collusion between the steam and trolley roads. That is to say the steam roads could acquire control in trolley lines to refuse freight by paying a bonus. To avert this danger Mr. Creasy proposed to make the carrying of freight compulsory upon the part of the trolley lines. This was resisted by the greatest vehemence and some profanity by the agents of the steam railroads on the floor. The Speaker came down from his handsome rostrum and engaged in the debate and finally Creasy was defeated.

It was expected, of course, that the members from Philadelphia and Pittsburg would vote in the interest of the steam roads. So far as the Philadelphians are concerned they are practically appointed in the Broad Street station offices and the Pittsburgers are not much better. But when the Republicans from York, Cumberland, Crawford, Armstrong, Fayette, Erie, Warren, Jefferson, Blair and Dunmore of Tioga voted against the interests of the people the complete dominance of the machine is revealed. Dunsmore has completely surrendered to the machine. He is as much the instrument of that sinister organization as Sam Ripp. Two years ago he made some professions of reform. But the chances are that all he wanted was to be taken into the gang. This appears to have been done and Dunsmore is as meek as a lamb and as certain as any of the faithful.

GETTING READY TO ADJOURN.

No bills will be introduced after this week except by unanimous consent and it is usually hard to get that. This indicates that the bosses are getting anxious to adjourn. Probably they hope to avert the report of the investigation of the capitol graft before the next congressional and legislative elections. If the legislature adjourns before the investigation is completed the examination can continue, just the same, but no report can be made until the next session. That would be after the important elections of this year and next and would exclude the facts obtained from the campaigns. Of course we could publish the unofficial testimony and make the most out of it as a political asset. But the machine would deny the truth as most of the Republican Speakers did last fall. There are thousands of honest people credulous enough to be fooled. But an official report can't be denied and to my mind the anxiety to adjourn is based on the hope of thus preventing the official report of the frauds in the construction of the capitol.

An attempt will be made, naturally, to ascribe another reason for the early adjournment. Already it is being whispered about the corridors that the country members are anxious to get away. The pay for a session is the same whether it is long or short but the expenses are not so regulated. It is reasonable, therefore, that prudent men would welcome the end of the session if the business were completed. But the average country member, that is to say the country members who are guided by conscience, will not consent to an adjournment simply to save expenses. As I heard one of them say the other day that they will not consent to an adjournment until the end of the year if the work is not completed and they will not slight their work either, in order to expedite completion. The machine fellows may force an adjournment and I wouldn't be surprised to see a resolution fixing the date of final adjournment early in May introduced this week. But I can say confidently that it won't get Democratic support unless counsel conducting the graft investigation previously give assurance that its work will be completed and its report submitted.

A DECADENT BODY.

The Senate still moves along in its quiet way passing bills as they appear on the calandar. Twenty years ago the Senate of Pennsylvania was as able a deliberative body as ever honored any State or country. Any day of its session then afforded enjoyment and information to the spectators who attended in considerable numbers. Eloquent oratory was the order of the day and though there was great activity the highest standard of dignity prevailed. Now there are no speeches, no arguments, no activity I don't believe there are five men in the body who could make a speech that would be considered half creditable in a country debating society of half grown boys.

G. D. H.

Spring Humors

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GUARANTEED under the Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906. No. 324.

EASTER-TIME IN ROME.

Easter in Rome does not end with Sunday. During the days that followed there were numerous services, and for us an especially interesting function, the celebration of the thirteenth centenary of Gregory the Great, held in St. Peter's eight days after Easter.

We were so fortunate as to have seats in the tribunes, and as the mass was to be celebrated at the high altar and we were to be in the fourth row from the front, we were sure of a good view of the Pope. All around us were the Swiss Guards, in the picturesque costume of red, yellow, and black designed by Michelangelo, and the Pope's Guardia Nobile. The accoutrement of the Gendarme Pontificio is somewhat like that of the old Philadelphia City Troop, a handsome uniform of black and white, with an immense shako adorned with a red plume. Most gorgeous of all were the chamberlains, in black Spanish costume of the period of Philip II, with a velvet cape thrown over one shoulder, superb lace cuffs and collar, and an immense ruff around the neck, and gold cords and chains without end.

After a long wait there was a rustle and stir of expectancy over the vast assemblage, then breathless stillness, when all eyes strained toward the eastern door, through which entered the gorgeous procession. The Palatine Guard lined the way down the central aisle, some of the Swiss Guard being stationed at different points. First came the Guardia Nobile, then the mitred abbots, the bishops and archbishops in copes and mitres of white and gold, the patriarchs and cardinals, these latter with long capes of cloth of gold worn over their scarlet robes. Then came the canons and *monsignori* in lace and fur tippets, after them the prince in attendance on the papal throne, Don Flippo Orsini, followed by the secret chamberlains bearing the precious tiaras and mitres covered with gold and jewels. The triple crown, borne upon a cushion, was a blaze of the most brilliant jewels, diamonds, emeralds, and rubies, too heavy in its richness to be borne long by any mortal head. Finally, announced by a blast from a silver trumpet, the Pope appeared, seated in the *sedia gestatoria*, born above the heads of the multitude by members of the household in a livery of scarlet cloth, the huge white feather fans or flabella being carried on each side.

The Pope was pale, and first appeared to be somewhat agitated. It is said that he very much dislikes to be carried into the church, and it must, indeed, be a trying position. The chair is lifted high above the heads of the people, that every one may see the Holy Father: it is borne slowly, pausing altogether at intervals. There was a stop near our seats of a minute or more, which gave us an opportunity to see the noble, benevolent face of the one man stands for so much to millions of the faithful. Less handsome and distinguished in appearance than some of his pictures, Pius X has that in his face which is worth infinitely more than manly beauty or aristocratic bearing; one cannot look into it without being impressed by his earnestness and sincerity.

When the Holy Father had been carried to the apse, he descended from the *sedia gestatoria* and knelt in prayer before St. Peter's Chair. At this moment a bright ray of sunshine fell upon the group of prelates in their rich and varied vestments; jewels flashed back their many-hued lights, making a gorgeous mass of color, in the midst of which are the white-robed, triple-crowned figure of the kneeling Pope.—ANNE HOLLINGSWORTH WHARTON in *April Lippincott's*.

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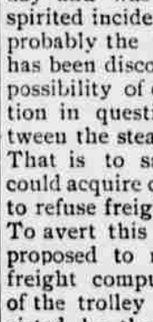

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